THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By Gallaway, Rhea & Cluskey.] MEMPHIS, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1867. (Volume Nine—Number 265

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

Ristori's cosmetic is Spanish ivy.

Baron Ricasoli and M. Vimercati, says the Press, are at present in Paris.

More than two-fifths of the suicides of England hang themselves.

The ex-Queen of Hanover has joined the Catholic church.

Pet puppies are coming in with the foreign fashions.

Medical writers say that insanity is a disease peculiar to high civilization.

The Bancroft House, New York, has been sold for $200,000.

Prentice, of Kentucky, is said to be in feeble health.

Forty-six applications for divorce are pending in the Floyd Circuit Court, Indiana.

A *nolle prosequi* in the case of Surratt is rumored.

Mr. A. M. Dodd, an old citizen of Jackson, Mississippi, died a few days since.

The Democrats everywhere are rejoicing over the result of the Northern elections.

The Marquis de Bonneville, French Minister to Switzerland, is at present in Paris on leave of absence.

It is reported here to-day that the Emperor has conferred the decoration of Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor on General de Camperon.

Baron Haussman, Prefect of the Seine, has returned to Paris from his property in the neighborhood of Bordeaux.

Every boy baby in Bulgaria has to pay a tax for exemption from military duty. They regularly belong to the infantry corps.

President Buchanan is in very feeble health. He is not expected to live through the winter.

Miss Burdett Coutts wants back her endowment of the Bishopric of Natal, on account of the heresies of Colenso, but he doesn't see it.

Count Appouyi, Austrian Ambassador to England, has arrived in Paris, as have the Earl and Countess Granville.

The farmers at Twin Prairie, Kansas, caught a prairie fire to the prairie, and cut short his amusement by hanging him.

In 1864 Mr. Lincoln polled 14,984 votes in Baltimore, while at the late election the Republican candidate received but 4,497.

Last year one hundred and twenty-nine Toledo firms did a business exceeding $50,000 each.

It is reported that ripe strawberries were gathered in the open air at Newton, Massachusetts, last week.

Henry Belts, a farmer near Mornellsville, raised over forty bushels of buckwheat to the acre on his farm this year.

Timber must be getting scarce in Ohio. A black walnut tree, near Urbana, in that State, was recently sold standing for $500.

It is said that our popular licorice drops are made of bad sugar and lampblack, flavored with licorice.

Lord Houghton, Member of the British Commission for the Universal Exhibition, has arrived at No. 28, Avenue des Champs Elysees.

The Maryland Legislature is entirely Democratic. Not a single Republican candidate has been chosen for any office in the whole State.

The New York Metropolitan Police have a mutual insurance arrangement, each member contributing one dollar to the relief of the family of a deceased associate.

The Gadsden (Alabama) *Times* says that for the past two months an average of fifty wagons per week have passed through that town, filled with dissatisfied Georgians and Alabamians, seeking homes in Western States.

Another delectable prize fight near New York has taken place. One man got his head in chancery, and was pounded for seven minutes, when the referee compelled his antagonist to let him escape.

James A. Seddon's petition for pardon, which the President lately granted, was signed, among others, by Horace Greeley, Henry Ward Beecher, Governor Burnside and Augustus Schell.

E. P. Whipple, the lecturer, says that "the past has furnished us five great generals of the first class—Alexander, Hannibal, Cæsar, Frederick and Napoleon, and our war did not bring out the sixth."

A French physician is curing his patients who are suffering from debility and reduced and enfeebled blood, by giving them the fresh, warm blood of chickens, ducks and other fowls.

Cuban finances are in a bad way. The Government is four months in arrears with its pension list, and when the Spanish Government lately sent a requisition for three hundred thousand dollars, barely a quarter of that sum was in the Treasury.

A man in Warren, Massachusetts, suffered terrific abdominal disturbance, and became emaciated from an apprehension that in his sleep he had swallowed a partial set of teeth. He convalesced, when the teeth were found in an old coat.

The President has directed the Attorney General to issue instructions to the United States authorities to turn over to the agent of General O'Neill all the arms—about 40,000 in number—which were seized by the Government about the time the Fenian invasion of Canada was suppressed.

The income of the 789,75 male inhabitants of the State of New York, in 1865, is estimated by the *Post* at $720,000 a year, a little over $900 each, or $4,500 per family of five persons. This is rather extravagant, since the incomes of three-fourths of the males cannot average over $500 a year each.

Thurlow Weed denies that he has sold his interest in the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, and is coming to Washington to live. He says: "We shall be quite ready to dispose of our Interest in the *Commercial Advertiser* when General Grant shall have been elected President. But the going to Washton, except to get away by the first train, is the last thing in our thoughts."

Lawyer Bradley, of Washington, has returned answer to the rule of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt, by attesting that the regular time for adjourning the court had passed by when he made use of his discourteous language to Judge Fisher, and that the note he gave him was not a challenge.

In a recent suit against an express company for the loss of a trunk entrusted to it care, the company set up in defence the declaration on the check that it would not be responsible for the contents beyond one hundred dollars, alleging that this operated as a contract. We are glad to see that the Court made short work of the plea. Quite a number of our railroads have the same clause on their tickets. Of course the holder only comes in possession of the contract after he has bought his ticket, and when he cannot back out if he wishes. His consent to the contract is not asked, nor has he any means of knowing what it is until after he has made it! This is absurd. If railroads or express companies decline to take property of very great value, that is one thing—they have a right, we suppose, so to do. But if they take it, they must be responsible for its safe keeping.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

What "Chalk Eyes" Hears and Sees in the Metropolis.

NEW YORK, November 6, 1867.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: The introductory line of my correspondence suggests so many pleasant reminiscences that I am impossible to divide into the accustomed paragraphical manner, without first indulging myself by detaching from an inner chamber of the brain a mastic process, opening the door of memory, and [illegible] and dark days of an *ante bellum* Memphian existence. In the foreground, the mighty and muddy Mississippi debouched by a delta of yellow Arkansian coast, whilst from the mid canvass springs abruptly the leveed bluff, that bears upon its hights the fog-[illegible] future I augur a grandeur surpassing that of her namesake of the Nile, unless, perchance, rulers far less wise and less humane than the Ptolemies bring on a premature decadence ere its maturity is reached. Memphis now might contend [illegible] with Egypt's provinces.

But the gods mercifully veil the future; so let us linger a moment longer over the beautiful corpse of the Past garlanded with [illegible] of memory. The Bluff [illegible] with its [illegible] ancient hospitality. Its very mud gave a persistent, stinging welcome, as if, perforce, to make you a landed proprietor and squatter sovereign. Don't I know it all, from cistern, French and organized Fort Pickering? Rather! Don't I smell the rain and sleet, with the sharp crack of the whip of some stalled mule team and the hoarse cry of the ox drivers. These [illegible] loaded with grey bales burning with fatness, from whose broken corners the snowy cotton leaked into a world of slush and dirt. And then the long, [illegible] days of [illegible] with ankle deep in [illegible] of impalpable soil, and the dust filled air, eyes, nose and mouth, surfeiting the landless with real estate, upon which (alas! for Time's changes) no tax was paid. And don't you remember—not sweet Alice, Ben Bolt—but the pleasant little nooks and dens in which young fledglings of the law, since grown gray and famous, then vegetated; where wonderful decoctions of wine, we and we alone [illegible] were given upon "Coke upon Lyttleton;" where the reader's place in "Greenleaf" was marked with the sole of spades, and [illegible] for [illegible] paid tailors' bills—where blackstone was redolent of a minty odor, to which Lubin's extract of violets were fit to be compared, than the city of Cologne, with its seventy-nine distinct smells, each worse than the other, to the vain [illegible] during that [illegible] of Cologne?

Ah, Ben Bolt! but we are reminded sweet Alice—sweet Alice, who doesn't "lie under the sod of grass so gay"—but who is the mother of a baker's dozen of little Toms and Alices—fat, fair and over forty—the brown hair shivering. The "laugh of delight" is noticed as [illegible] the tears might be), but *that other fellow*, who slept healthfully whilst we paraded her, and who weighed cotton and made dockets, while we made sonnets—sonnets that we thank God daily never got in print. Alack-a day! so the world goes, ces la [illegible]. You creep with gouty legs round Memphian courts into dirty back [illegible] lodgings, and dwell, still stiffer than [illegible] a lonely hour with a [illegible] at Delmonico's, walk the streets of this modern Babel seeking [illegible]. Let the best avaunt! "its bones are marrowless, its blood is cold; there is no speculation in those eyes which it doth glare with!" In vain, [illegible] not memorable on that spot.

Poor [illegible] [illegible] with Mr. Prescott. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in theatricals. Through the "world" close to make itself miserable the fluffy little seaside lodgings and spacious hotels, devoid of comfort, there were people enough left to pack every theatre and liberally solicited of patronage to offer understandingly to the tune of the [illegible] police.

Mrs. Langtry, at the French theatre, played an engagement that commenced so-so, but ended a complete [illegible] success. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

WANTS.

WANTED—To planters or farmers in city or country wanting men to work on farms, a number of good, reliable, sober, industrious, experienced hands, who can furnish the best of references as to character, etc. Any one wishing to employ such hands will please call on or address the undersigned, who will be pleased to furnish them with employment. Wages reasonable. Terms liberal. Apply at 19 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn. WM. DARNELL, Agent.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY of Southern birth and reserved manners, to assist in teaching or where the position of teacher is not desired. Address M. C. Gallaway, Daily Avalanche. no19

A GOOD WAITER wanted to remain, either a day, week or month. Those now patronizing STAR SHOE-BLACKING CHINE, Price 25c. Leaves two threads, and makes the finest polish in the world. Also, Stove Polish, Harness Oil, Leather Dressing, Blacking, &c. Wholesale and retail. Depot 12 Lauderdale street. Exclusive territory given. Agents wanted. J. T. KELLOG & CO., 251 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

SITUATION WANTED—A Lady of Memphis desires situation, either in a family or as governess, in a private family or boarding-house, or as commander either in the city or country. The most satisfactory references can be given. Apply at the Avalanche office. no19

WANTED—Agents to sell the CRESCENT SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. Rotating Machine dealers will find it greatly to their interest to send for our terms. Address H. HUNTLEY & INGRAM, 251 Second street, Memphis.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—Gentlemen, single or with families, can obtain the best board with or without rooms, furnished or unfurnished by application at No. 41 Poplar street. no2

BOARDING WANTED—Three good white adjoining UNFURNISHED ROOMS, with board, in a private family, by four grown persons. Five rare references exchanged. Room to 71 K. W. Address office. no19

STOLEN OR STRAYED.

$50 REWARD—strayed or stolen, from the premises of the Rev. Adam Paisley, on the night of the 19th of October, one strawberry roan MARE, nine years old. The above reward will be paid for the apprehension of the thief and the recovery of the mare, or $20 will be paid for the delivery of the mare to John F. Rathop, on Main street. J. C. WOODBERY.

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FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—One (1 two (2) story Frame Dwelling, No. 87, on Dunlap street, within one square of street railroad; $20. Also, Brick Dwelling, No. 1065 Beale street. Apply to W. H. ALLEN, at J. H. Lowenstine & Bros., No. 321 Main street, or H. Thies. Those houses will be rented cheap to approved tenants. no19

CRYSTAL PALACE SALOON FOR RENT—The Saloon, fixtures, &c., now occupied by Jo. Ghiel, in Crystal Palace alley, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall, on Main street. Apply to WM. KOCH, no2 257 Second street.

FOR RENT AND FOR SALE—One-half the large store No. 8 Madison street, now occupied by Mark and Second street, at forty dollars per month. Excellent stand for the grocery business or storage. For sale cheap, a large second Portable Engine, in perfect order. Apply at 36 Madison street. no2

FOR RENT—One House containing seven rooms, on Kellogh road, near intersection of Alabama street with Belleigh road. House in good order. Terms, sixty dollars per month in advance. Apply to J. T. PAYTON, no7 13 Union street, up stairs.

FOR RENT—A new Private Residence on Washington street, between Third and Fourth. Apply to JOINER & KIRKLEY, no7 34 Monroe street.

FOR RENT—A fine COTTAGE of eight rooms, on Poplar street, near Dunlap. Also, a Two story dwelling of eight rooms on Adams street. Apply to Adolph HOFFMAN & HALSEY, Attorneys at Law, No. 32 Second street, Jefferson Block. oct27

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—One-half interest of a KENO ROOM, which is doing a good business. It will be sold to any reliable person who will give it his personal attention. It is centrally located, and only up stairs. For further particulars apply to the Arcade Livery stable, 8 good street, between Monroe and Union, from 7 to 9 A. M. or 5 to 6 P. M. no2

FOR SALE—One twelve horse power STATIONARY ENGINE and boiler—nearly new. LUNS & MALLON, No. 20 Main street.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE! NOTICE!—No. 19 Poplar street, opposite Overton Hotel, for rent—Bar, Restaurant and 20 large rooms. Fine opportunity. Terms low. Privilege for years. Fixtures for sale. Inquire of J. B. WOODWARD, 1st Second street. no1

NOTICE—The ST CHARLES HOTEL, New Orleans, La., during the summer, has been thoroughly renovated. Additions made to the furniture, and on the first of November the Management will be abandoned and the Table d'Hote readopted. I will take this opportunity to thank the patrons of the Hotel for past favors, and trust a continuance of the same, and that it will be kept in a manner to meet their approval. O. E. HALL.

THE Healing Pool and House of Mercy—Howard Association Reports for young men, on the crime of solitude and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief; sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia.

NOTICE—At the November term of the County Court of Shelby county I will apply for letters of administration on the estate of John McDavid, deceased. MICHAEL O'BRIEN. no2

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR TAX COLLECTOR—We are authorized to announce J. H. BOWEN as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Tax Collector, at the ensuing election in January next. oct26

SUNDAY : : : : : : NOVEMBER 10, 1867

THE history of the past month has furnished a political anomaly never before witnessed even in this country. It is that of one great section resenting the chalice presented to the lips of another. Early in October the tide commenced turning unmistakably in favor of a white Government, administered by white men. The odious proposition to invest the few negroes of the North with the elective franchise was rejected with contempt, and the work then commenced has progressed until now the great States of New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio stand firmly committed against it. In this connection, the remarkable spectacle is presented of Northern men, in the face of the stern lesson taught them at the polls in their own homes, seeking to fasten what they themselves repudiate with loathing upon the unfortunate people of the South. While Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, and other States, lately largely Radical, spit upon the pretensions of the handful of negroes in their midst to the ballot, pure negro governments are being fastened upon Southern States by means of infamy unknown even to the barbaric ages. While the North, the hot-bed of negro fanaticism, is saying to the blacks, "Stand back; you are unworthy even to loosen the latchets of our shoes," they are placing these semi-barbarian hordes as rulers over millions of white men in the South. The boasted equality is a meaningless farce. The pious Radical zealots of the North put finger and thumb to their noses where Cuffee seeks the welcome of "man and brother" in their midst; but hesitate not to place the government of the Southern States in his hands, and their people at his mercy. They clap their hands with joy at the result of the ghastly election mockeries now progressing in the South, but tell their own more cultivated negroes that they have no rights which white men are required to respect.

This is the force of malice, and affords a more striking illustration than any event yet transpired of the spirit of RADICALISM. Never was the hollowness of its pretenses more fully exemplified. Never was blatant hypocrisy more thoroughly exposed. Never was infamy more shamelessly practiced. Never was scoundrelism more hideously developed. But the day of reckoning is coming. The sunlight already struggles to break through the clouds, and in time will drive the black bats and blood seeking vampyres to their dismal corners.

"The mills of the gods grind slowly,
But they grind exceeding small;
With patience stand they waiting,
With exactness grind they all."

OUR physical prostration during the epidemic which has raged with so much severity among us, during the past month, is the apology we have to offer for failing to notice at length, in our columns, the demise of a citizen of this State whose personal character, whose energy and thorough honesty have identified him with the growth and prosperity of Memphis since the year 1848, twenty-seven years ago. We speak of O. H. LIDE. In 1819 he first saw light, at Athens, Tennessee, and in 1843, at the age of twenty-four, he emigrated to Memphis, while it was yet in its commercial and really in its municipal infancy. Shortly after his arrival here he assumed—his talents and familiarity with the science of book-keeping acquiring for him—a prominent position in the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank. The successful administration of his duties, and his rare economical habits, enabled him afterward to enter business, through partnership, in quite a new sphere, and although a new life was opened unto him, he never failed to display those qualities which had already marked him as a "rising man" in our commercial community. Upon several occasions he presented his claims to the people of Shelby county for their approval as one of its officers. He was successful in receiving their indorsement; and in the discharge of his duties ever fulfilled the expectations of his most ardent supporters. After the occupation of Memphis by the Yankees, he went South, and through the persuasion of Southern friends, who knew his services would be more valuable here than in the South, he was induced to return. He assumed the managerial department of the business of GEORGE MACKEY & Co., but instead of interfering, in fact it tended to promote his fidelity to his country. He was a man of strong prejudices, very firm in character, of quick impulses, a generous heart; and liberal in his views, especially in business transactions. He was a kind father, an affectionate husband, and leaves four children to mourn his untimely loss. His wife died some two weeks before him with the terrible malady of yellow fever. The light has gone out of his house forever; the wick has burned to the end, and he will never again gladden the hearthstone of those whom he made happy.

GREAT crimes seldom spring from any sudden demoralization in the nature of the perpetrators; it is but the rending of the veil from the hitherto concealed parts of it. Hence it is that we advert to the frequency and the magnitude of the immorality which appears to have seized the people of this country, and which, from our exchanges, seems to prevail everywhere within its broadest limits. WARD BEECHER, TILTON and GREELEY exhaust themselves in attempting to explain why this state of affairs exist, and why it sweeps like a whirlwind over the whole land. In alluding to its effects, they trace the causes to the late civil war. In this these illustrious philanthropists are partially correct. The mass of mind is contemporaneous—moved by the same desires and passions. War, which is nothing more nor less than a recognized barbarism, destroys the morals, and through its exciting issues warps the mind; and the very love of country which draws the patriot to the field is fraught with secondary evils of which he never dreams and which do not exist among his own countrymen. Especially is it the case in a republican country. Before the war, through a wise and judicious administration of the country's affairs, murder, rape and extensive robberies were comparatively unknown. But the massing of hundreds of thousands of men—thrown and consolidated together in confusion—could not, in the nature of things, fail to give way to indulgence in the most hideous and hellish of acts. To claim that the South, even among her own people, was entirely free from these influences would be absurd. However, when we look around us and observe how pure we are—how comparatively great is the disproportion of real crime among us—we feel that, notwithstanding our calamities, Providence still watches over us, and guides our footsteps unperceptibly to the "Great White Throne." We are reminded, and in duty are called upon to examine this question by the rapid increase of literature in the North which makes a specialty of exhibiting, through the most startling illustrations, the revolting and inhuman cruelties, which just now seem to pervade the dominions of the Northern people. In less than a space of two months, five large, well edited and in every way ably conducted papers have started, and are now seeking popularity in a field where MATSELL'S *Police Gazette* had for ten years previous a monopoly. The local columns of the Northern press daily teem with accounts of the most diabolical tragedies. What five years ago would have been heralded to the world under the most flaming heads, is now barely mentioned in connection with the commonest items. Something is rotten in the moral North, and we suggest that their ministers of the gospel drop politics for a while, and dive into the causes of the wickedness among the people from whom they derive their "bread and meat." Bad as the South has been since the war, in this respect it is a paradise to the Gomorrah of the North.

It is needless to say that we give place to the following with unalloyed pleasure. The "old banner" will never be effaced from the minds nor forgotten by the heroes over whom its broad folds waved on many a blood-stained battlefield; and no one did more to render its name glorious than he to whom this exquisite poem is inscribed:

"SOFTLY FOLD THE OLD BANNER."

RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED TO COLONEL JOHN W. DAWSON, OF MEMPHIS.

Softly fold the old banner, and lay it aside,
As a relic remembered with honor and pride,
Once flaunting with victory, triumphantly free,
The Hundred and Fifty-fourth gloried in thee.

Around thee brave warriors heroically fell,
Their dying sighs mingled with thy waving farewell;
On thy bosom, death miasles have left a sad trace,
And Time's hand, unrelenting, has faded thy face.

The names that are emblazoned on thy silken side
Tell of fierce battles gained; of a foe's conquered pride;
How numbers superior all craven-like flew,
When the gallant old banner first burst on their view.

But safely as a pearl in its own native shell,
In memory forever shall't secretly dwell;
Tennessee has emblazoned thee with tears of regret;
'Twas the flag of her country; she cannot forget.

L. V. B.

IT has become quite fashionable of late for the newspapers to speak of the "clerk of the weather." We make no pretentions to self-righteousness—we despise sanctimonious hypocrisy—but to call Him who directs the storm, the whirlwind, the thunder and the lightnings—who sends the rain, the hail, the sleet, the snows, the heat, the zephyrs, the fruits and flowers, "the clerk of the weather," is a species of wickedness amounting to impiousness. It is sacrilege! It is shameful. It is scoffing. It is scandalous. It is irreverent. Call Him Jehovah, the Maker, the Creator, the Preserver, God Almighty, the Son, our Ruler; but it is profane to call Him the clerk of the weather. Aye, He as a clerk, will some day make up a fearful account against those guilty of such blasphemy.

WASHINGTON.

WE this morning publish a letter from a New York correspondent, of much interest. We will only say in his behalf that many years ago he spent much of his time in Memphis, and is a writer of rare ability. We hope to make an arrangement which will secure "Chalk Level" as our regular correspondent. There are but few who wield a pen so versatile and brilliant. An occasional letter from the great Gotham author during the coming busy season, would much enhance the reading interest in the AVALANCHE.

Austria has had no hard money since 1858.

"Prime cuts" of horse steak sell in Paris at twenty-two sous per pound.

Mr. E. M. Stanton is at present visiting his friends at Pittsburg.

Hon. Conrad Swoekheimer, a prominent citizen, died of typhoid fever at his residence on Washington Highis, on Thursday.

Second childhood rarely attacks a man, however aged, whose mind has been vigorously and habitually kept in activity during his life.

The Philadelphia *North American* complimenta a man for making an "off-hand and autocheckie" speech.

A boy baby in Belcherlown, Massachusetts, eight months old, can tell every letter in the alphabet.

A Milwaukee special to the *World* says the result of the election in Wisconsin is close and doubtful.

Nicholas Reggio, of Boston, Consul General of Italy and the Pontifical States, died at the Brevoort House on Wednesday.

The Evangelical Knowledge Society, in session at Philadelphia, is presided over by Bishop Mellvain, of Ohio.

Mrs. Mowatt Ritchie has declined a handsome offer from an English manager, who desires her to appear again on the stage.

Lamartine sits in an arm chair, sad and silent, the luster of his eye and the symmetry of his mouth entirely gone.

Jay Cook has declined re-election as President of the American Church Missionary Society, and Judge Cunningham was elected his successor.

The convention will be carried in North Carolina, in consequence of a division among the Conservative press. The body will almost certainly be controlled by Conservative influence.

The District Attorney of Pennsylvania has information that Mr. Davis will be in Richmond on the 13th, to appear for trial in the District Court which convenes on the 25th at that place.

Spotted Tail has named his only child Lizzi Euphemia Pocahontas Spotted Tail. She is intelligent and handsome, and the old gentleman contemplates giving her a classical education.

The President, on Thursday, gave audience to a large number of visitors, among whom were Senator R. Johnson and Jeremiah Black, Mr. Blair and ex-Congressman Voorhees, of Indiana.

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Letter from Thad. Stevens on the National Finances.

Mayor Hoffman Re-nominated by the New York Tammany Convention.

Speculations on the Forthcoming Message of the President.

The Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce and the Cotton Tax.

Finale of the Fisher-Bradley Embroglio.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 9.

A letter from the Hon. Thad. Stevens, on the subject of our national finances, is published. It is in reply to a letter addressed to him by a neighbor, and is very long and comprehensive. He commences with the assertion that so far as the financial condition of the Republic is concerned, it is not, or can it ever be in peril. With the products which we can readily dispose of, there never can be a time when, with honest dealings, the Republic will be unable to pay her just liabilities. He says: I have not yet, and do not approve of the financial policy pursued by our Government for the last six years. I think we have thrown away our billions, and are still throwing away millions by mismanagement. Then addressing his correspondent, who is a National banker, he says: You are a banker, and a sound one. You, as well as every other man who has tried it, are making more through this National banking than you ought to. He says he has never doubted the constitutional power of the Government to make money of whatever material it chooses, whether of metal, leather, paper, or tin, and to regulate its value, and therefore legal tenders are, to all intents and purposes, lawful money of the country, money in which all debts, public and private, may be legally and justly paid. Money is just what the law makes it. The Government has, at different times, reduced the price of silver, which, when so reduced, was made to pass to every creditor and debtor at the original price; and argues that there is the same power to issue and regulate the value of any other kind of money, consequently it is just as lawful for the Government to pay the national debt in greenback money

Referring to the debt, he says: Now let us come to the Government loan, and for a moment consider it, which, even without the monstrous doctrine of Greeley and Cooke is the most profitable investment ever made by money-lenders, and is a monstrous swindle on the Americans on the part of European capitalists. Although he would pay in full the capitalists and speculators who have made princely fortunes through the folly of the Government, he does not think there is any obligation to force specie payment. He shows beyond contradiction that in creating there was no intention on the part of Congress to compel the Government to payment of the principal in coin, except where this was expressly mentioned. This matter was well considered and understood at the time, and the bondholders have no reason to complain, if paid in legal tenders.

Mr. Stevens says: "For two years the greenbacks were the most popular currency ever used in the United States, and had there been no other, would not have failed to buy every necessary commodity for every use, public and private. If it perilled the country, it also swelled the business of every kind, and also the incomes of business men, thereby vastly increasing the revenues of the Government. The great question at issue is the policy of paying the debt in greenbacks." Upon this he remarks: "Various methods are suggested to redeem the five-twenties in currency. One very able writer suggests a loan in greenbacks to their amount, as that afterwards the greenbacks may be redeemed with the others. If we are satisfied that there is no more than sufficient currency to do the business of the country, with its probable increase, then that would be the proper method, without inflating prices as a counterbalance to the saving. But if it is believed that the present and prospective business of the country would fairly absorb an amount large enough to redeem those bonds as they come due, and injuriously increase business, the true way would be for the Government to issue legal tenders equal to the amount to be redeemed, and thus save the interest both of the old and a new loan. With these views he deems the contraction of the currency four millions a month as unauthorized and highly impolitic. Finally, he believes the true, if not the only way to reach specie payments is to reduce the debt as proposed, before making any attempt to contract currency.

Election returns from the Third Congressional District in this State, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Thomas D. Nell, indicate the choice to be that of General McCormick (Democrat), by about five hundred majority, the vote polled being small.

The Tammany City Convention was held tonight, and renominated Mayor Hoffman.

The Mozart Convention meets next week, and will undoubtedly nominate Fernando Wood.

A special to the *Express* says the friends of Senator Wilcox, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, assert that he will kill the impeachment project by his casting vote.

A special to the *Tribune* says it is understood that the larger portion of the President's message will be devoted to the consideration of the National finances. Mr. Johnson says he regards the financial question the most important before the country. He has no sympathy with the recently expressed views of Pendleton or Butler, but goes with Mc Culloch, and believes in contracting the currency and a speedy return to specie payments.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, November 9.

In the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, to-day, Mr. Bradley read a statement in answer to the ruling of the court for him to show why he should not be excluded from the bar as a practicing attorney, owing to his difficulty with Judge Fisher.

Hon. Robert J. Walker made an argument in Bradley's behalf, when a full court, through Chief Justice Carter, sustained the order of Judge Fisher, heretofore made, suspending Mr. Bradley as a practitioner at the bar. Chief Justice Carter said it was a painful duty, but it was necessary that the court should sustain its dignity and punish the contempt.

Mr. Bradley thanked the Court for the delicate manner in which it has announced its decision, and said he long ago contemplated retiring altogether from the bar, but that the present manner of severing his connection with the court rendered the separation the more unpleasant.

Fractional Currency printed for the week, $31,711; shipped, $755,932, including $100,000 to the United States Depository at Cincinnati. National Bank Notes issued, $80,350. Fractional Currency redeemed, $416,403.

Receipts of Internal Revenue for the week, $4,031,000.

The President will be serenaded next Monday night, under auspices of the Conservative Army and Navy Union. Other organizations will unite in the demonstrations.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, November 9.

The river is rising, with three and a half feet in the canal.

There was a heavy rain this morning. Weather now clear and warm.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, November 9.

The Chamber of Commerce has unanimously passed resolutions requesting Congress to withdraw the tax on cotton.

The Greenes, of Connecticut, are a fighting family. The father writes himself "Major Greene;" one son was the second officer of the original Monitor; another lost a leg at Chicamauga; and the third leads his class at West Point.

Approbos of a young man who had wasted his substance on voracious Dalilahs, and the no less voracious Derby, Quilp was asked what ruined him. "Fast women and slow horses!" said Quilp.

An old gentleman of Webster, Massachusetts, has ordered a gravestone from a marble cutter of that town. The epitaph is as follows: "Who never sacrificed his reason at the altar of a superstitious God, who never believed that Jonah swallowed the whale."

The following note appears in the *Gazette des Etrangers* of Paris: "M'lle Adelina Patti has no thought of marrying, and she believes she violates no propriety in thus giving the most formal contradiction to the fabled conjectures. She is betrothed only to art."

Prohibition does not seem to be very effective in Maine in preventing drunkenness. According to the Portland *Press*, four little boys, the oldest not five years old, were seen drunk in the streets of that city the other day, and had to be carried to the police station.

DIED.

Yesterday evening, at six o'clock, MR. CATHARINE'S INFANT.

The funeral will take place from her late residence on Second street, this morning at ten o'clock. Friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

On the evening of November 8, KIM MARY J., daughter of Dr. D. and Jane Montgomery.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from Wesley Chapel corner Second and Poplar streets, this afternoon at three o'clock. Services by Rev. ST. MARK.

Carthage in attendance.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.

Lessee and Manager ..... W. C. CRAVEN
Stage Manager ..... Harry Lee
Treasurer ..... J. D. GRAVES

First appearance of the popular and charming artiste, Miss LOTTA, who will appear in a round of her favorite impersonations.

MONDAY EVENING, November 11, inst., will be given the charming French comedy entitled THE PET OF THE PETTICOATS. Miss Lotta, To conclude with the great specialty, GOOD FOR NOTHING. Mrs. Hen ..... Miss Lotta

Doors open at 6 o'clock; Curtain rises at half past seven.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Attention, Sons of Temperance!

THE officers and members of Union Star Division No. 40, Sons of Temperance, are hereby notified to meet at their Hall THIS SUNDAY EVENING, at one o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late Brother LOFTUS. Brothers of other Divisions are earnestly requested to attend.

By order W. M. CHAMBERS, W. P.
LOUIS O. ROSSELLE, A. R. S. no19

ONE PRICE STORE.

THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND OFFER

Beautiful Poplins at 30c. per yard,

Black and White Shepard Plaids at 15c. per yard,

Empress Cloth at 85 cents per yard.

ALSO, AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

Flannels, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, Linseys, Bleached & Brown Muslins, Prints of the Handsomest Styles, Shoes, Hosiery. Notions, etc., etc., all of which will be sold at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES

We call the ATTENTION of Ladies to our new

CLOAK & SILK ROOM.

All styles of CLOAKS MADE TO ORDER and a good fit guaranteed.

Our assortment of goods is always complete.

We sell to Merchants at a very small advance on Eastern Jobbers' Prices.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,
no10 249 Main Street, Corner of Jefferson.

SAMUEL H. RICHARDSON, Late of Banks, Hamilton & Co. JACK P. RICHARDSON, Late of Mobile, Alabama.

SAMUEL H. RICHARDSON & CO.,

DEALERS IN FLOUR AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

16 City Building, South Commercial St.,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Terms Cash. no10

THE GREAT FRENCH

DOCTOR JOHNSON

HAS ARRIVED.

HE cures, Diarrhea, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Headache, Earache, Toothache, Sprains, Sore Throat, Croup and Hoarseness, Coughs and Colds, Pain in the side and back, fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Deafness, Blindness, Asthma, Catarrh, Piles, Dysentery, Bruises, Lame Limbs, Paint, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Palpitation of the Heart, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Frost Bites and Corns, Mortification and Bodily Affections.

Sold by all Druggists.

Office, Corner Second and Poplar Streets, MEMPHIS, TENN. no10

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,
Goshen Butter,
Golden Syrup.

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
No. 36 Main street.

NEW SHAKER PRESERVES,
Cherries, Strawberries,
Peaches, Plums,
New Shaker Jellies,
Preserved Canton Ginger (in syrup,)
Preserved Canton Ginger (dry.)

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
No. 36 Main street.

MACKEREL—No. 1 Shore, Bay and Mess, all sizes, for family use.
New Codfish,
New Hominy.

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
no10 No. 36 Main street.

Underwriters' Sale.

WE will sell, for J. G. LONSDALE, Esq., President of the Board of Underwriters, at our Salesroom,

On Tuesday Morning, at 10 o'clock,

A large quantity of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, now open for examination.

Also, 200 pairs Heavy Brogans, 20 Cloth Jackets, 30 pairs Plaid Cassimere, in pattern order.

BOYLE, TREZEVANT & CO.,
no10 Auctioneers.

FARGASON, CORDES & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

328 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn. no10

DR. C. WILLIAMS'

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY AND WOOD NAPTHA.

Thousands have been saved annually from an untimely grave by using this

Unrivalled Preparation

FOR CURES effectually all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. CONSUMPTION in its incipient stages, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, CATARRHS, CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH, SORE THROAT, and all diseases of the Respiratory Organs, are immediately relieved by its use.

Respectfully,
C. WILLIAMS, M. D.
Discovery and Manufacturer of Dr. Williams' Pulmonic Balsam of Wild Cherry and Wood Naptha.

Sold by all Druggists.

Address all orders to J. B. WASSON & CO., Proprietors, Nashville, Tenn.

Sold by all Druggists in Memphis.

J. B. WASSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS,

Pomades, Perfumery

And an Endless Variety of

Fancy Toilet Articles, Etc.

Successors to NIPGEN & KRAKIRT and JOHN A. NIPGEN. 315 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

J. B. WASSON & CO., Proprietors.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SALE OF THE

TREZEVANT LANDS

On Thursday, November 14.

OWING to the extreme dullness of trade for the last two months, our stock is larger now than we wish, and in order the more we shall commence our Great Clearing Sale, as follows:

$150,000 worth of Dry Goods,

NOTIONS, ETC., ETC.,

Must be Sold Regardless of Cost.

Calicoes 7 cts to 10 cts each per yard.
Bleached Domestics 6 cents per yard.
Bed Ticklings 12 to 20 cents per yard.
Brown Domestics 10 cents per yard.
All Wool Flannel from 25 to 50 cents per yard.
Ladies' Shoes, new stock, $1 to per pr.
Corsets, only $1 per pair.
Jeans in Kid Gloves, all colors and sizes, only $1 per pair.
Cloth, for Men's and Boys' wear, only 31 cents per yard.
Needles, all sizes, two cts papers for 10 cents.
Ribbon, large size, only 10 cents.
Scarfs, from $1 to $3 per pr.

Our Large Stock Must be Reduced.

This is No Humbug, but a Genuine Clearing Sale, as our papers freely express on the 1st of January, and part of the present low rates

It is important to all concerned that our goods and prices. Everything in our store has been reduced, in many instances to

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

A full and complete stock of Ladies' Hosiery and Gloves at any price you want.

A Full Stock of Plantation Goods.

Consult your interest and take advantage of this

Glorious Opportunity

To get your goods at Ridiculously Low Prices at

ELSOSS' MAMMOTH CHEAP STORE,

207 Main Street no19

RACES! RACES! RACES!

THE GREAT FALL MEETING

COMMENCES TO-MORROW.

The Horses will Start Promptly at 2 o'clock p.m.

CARS will leave, commencing at 12 m., every quarter of an hour, up to 4 o'clock p.m., and returning from the track after the last race. A sufficient number of Hacks will be on hand to convey all passengers. The Band of Music will be in attendance. A stand expressly for Ladies and Gentlemen. The Ladies' Stand will be under the management of five of our most respectable citizens.

Never has there been collected in the South, at one meeting, a larger or finer collection of blooded stock. All lovers of the sport should avail themselves of this opportunity.

We are from the *Turf and Field* a fattering notice of the Memphis Fall Meeting. The Purses will be made up by Col. CAYCE, of Memphis, and Col. SPRAGUE, of New York, to be presented by the Turf Editor of the Grand Final Stake to be run for on Saturday.

Everything possible for the accommodation and comfort of visitors has been provided by the able Managers of the Race Course.

Sheriff's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of two (2) fieri facias from the Shelby County Circuit Court of Tennessee, Plaser Miller vs. Jonathan L. Taylor et al., late Taylor, McEwen & Howe; and Plaser Miller vs Taylor, McEwen & Howe, each given by virtue of two (2) decrees rendered by the Chancellor at the May Term of the County Court of Shelby county, for the payment of the sum of seven thousand dollars each, and costs of suit, in favor of the said Plaser Miller, and against the said Taylor, the late firm of Tennessee vs. Taylor, McEwen & Howe, I will,

On the 23rd day of November, 1867,

sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the entire stock of dry goods, boots, shoes, etc., belonging to the late firm of which A. M. and four o'clock p.m., at the storehouse, No. 22, on Main street, lately occupied by Taylor, McEwen & Howe, and all the executed property levied on as the property of the said defendants, or so much thereof as will be sufficient to satisfy said executions. Sale to commence with the goods, cash, commissions, etc., or so much thereof as will be sufficient to satisfy said executions. Sale to continue from day to day until all is disposed of.

P. M. WINTERS,
Sheriff of Shelby county.

MENKEN BROTHERS

WILL EXHIBIT

MONDAY, NOV. 11,

PARIS MADE CLOAKS,

FRENCH DRE'S GOODS

NEW TRIMMINGS,

NEW BUTTONS

of their own importation.

These Goods are Elegant, Desirable and Cheap.

We invite our Customers to give them their immediate attention.

Also, Fresh Novelties in Fancy Goods of Foreign and Domestic Make.

D. G. KENNY, Civil Engineer and Surveyor. J. B. PORTER

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 3, Kirkwood's Block, corner of second and Madison streets, we intend doing extensive Real Estate Brokerage in Memphis and the surrounding country, together with Surveying, Draughting and Engineering in the various branches. The citizens of Memphis and the surrounding country, and the public generally, are respectfully solicited to call at our office and examine the list of property for sale, and also to leave their names with us, as we have a large number of applicants for property, and will be under the management of five of our most respectable citizens.

Never has there been collected in the South, at one meeting, a larger or finer collection of blooded stock. All lovers of the sport should avail themselves of this opportunity.

Col. M. C. CAYCE, of Memphis,

General Agent for the United States; Headquarters at the Arcade, Mail Slate Street. no

WILL SHORTLY BE ISSUED

FROM THE PRESS OF

BLELOCK & CO.,

THE CAMPAIGNS

OF

LIEUTENANT GENERAL FORREST,

AND OF

FORREST'S CAVALRY.

AN Octavo Volume of six hundred and twenty-five pages.

Sold only by Subscription—Agents Wanted.

Address BLELOCK & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 511 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE firm of MORGAN & JONES, Architects, is dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm will please call and settle with A. J. Roach, the business of the firm will be closed by the surviving partner, Mr. R. C. JONES.

A. J. ROACH, J. W. ROAN, R. W. GREEN

A. J. ROACH & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

320 Front Street, between Union & Monroe.

OUR personal attention will be given to the SALE OF COTTON, Liberal advances made on Cotton in store or shipments to our correspondents in New York or New Orleans.

We are agents for MACHINERY, PLOWS, HOES, ROPE, IRON TIES and PLANTATION SUPPLIES, and at all times have on hand and consigned, which we offer at LOW RATES. MARKET RATES.

All Cotton shipped to us by river or in store will be covered by our open policies of insurance, unless otherwise instructed. no2

DR. DUNCAN K. MCRAE. SAM. F. WALKER, JR.

McRAE & WALKER,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

BETHEL BLOCK,

Corner 2d and Court Streets, (up stairs.)

oct MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

A New Era in Literature.

MR. FRANK LESLIE, one of the United States Commissioners to the Universal Exposition in Paris, has availed himself of his visit abroad to introduce some new and very interesting features in his popular publications. He has arranged with a number of the leading authors and artists of Europe to furnish ROSEBUD, MARIA TUTTLE and KING BALTHAZAR, which will appear SIMULTANEOUSLY in his publications, instead of at one time in one and at another time in another. The first of these novels, a domestic story, from pretty nearly the commencement to the end, is entitled

Adventures Among the Brigands,

BY PIERRE ZIAN, ESQ.,

A narrative of Adventure in Italy, by that popular, genuine and entertaining writer, which will commence in No. 18 of FRANK LESLIE'S LADY'S JOURNAL.

Stop Thief; or, the Monkey's Grip!

From the famous and popular painting of that name in the Paris Exhibition, now the property of James Harper, Esq., of New York.

These two novels, with the usual number of fine engravings, a larger or finer collection of which it is impossible to imagine, and made in the highest style of the art, will be published in the LADY'S JOURNAL, which will be sent to subscribers at the rate of $4 per annum, or $2 for six months. Specimen numbers sent gratis on application to the publisher, FRANK LESLIE, 537 Pearl street, New York.

A. F. DAVIS,

PRACTICAL HOUSE & SIGN PAINTER.

GILDING, GRAINING, GLAZING,

Paper Hanging, Kalsomining, Etc.

36 Union Street, Between Main & Second,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

ALFRED T. LACEY. R. L. MOORE

LACEY & M'GHEE,

322 Front Street, Memphis,

Cotton Factors, Commission Merchants

And Dealers in Groceries and Plantation Supplies.

Special Notice.

I HEREBY notify the public not to pay any bills for any or my account, as I have not given permission to any person to contract any debts for me.

T. I. RICKS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. K. HILL, STRANGE & CO.,

Cotton Factors AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

DEALERS IN BAGGING, TIES

And Plantation Supplies Generally,

No. 14 Monroe Street, Memphis.

Liberal advances made on consignments to PICKMAN, HILL & CO., New Orleans.

AUCTION.

TEN YEARS' CREDIT!

56 Suburban Lots,

NEAR MEMPHIS,

At Public Sale on Ten Years' Time.

I PROPOSE to sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, on THURSDAY, the 14th of November, at 12 o'clock, my three hundred acres of land, lying on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, extending three miles east of Memphis, at the head of Wolf river, and bounded on the north by the Macon road, on the south by the Somerville road, and on the east by the Germantown road, and the portion made by cutting the above three roads with the street railways on the roads leading from the city directly to the property. Said property will be laid off in lots of one, two and three acres each, and sold on ten years' credit, with approved personal security or the grant and deed of trust on the property.

In making the arrangements of this property, I would specially refer to the fact that the location of the property is the most desirable and eligible for residences of any portion of the suburbs of the city, and that the property is within the limits of the corporation, and the provisions made for CHURCH AND SCHOOL PRIVILEGES, and the fact that the property is bounded on three sides by public highways which the vicinity of Memphis affords.

The TITLES of the property are perfect, and the lots will be numbered, so as to be examined at any time before the sale.

Being DETERMINED to SELL, I shall offer the following terms:

TERMS:

One-tenth Cash, the balance in TEN ANNUAL INSTALMENTS, with interest from date. Warranty Deeds given, and Trust Deeds taken back, thereby relinquishing the lien which the vendor's lien would give, if I chose to retain it. The property will be ready for any one to occupy a pleasant home, on which many conveniences in value are promised, by the growth of Memphis and vicinity.

THE TITLES of the property are perfect. BOYLE, TREZEVANT & CO., Auctioneers. no7

Administratrix Sale at

IN DRY GOODS

& CO.,

MAIN STREET,

NG SALE.

fern markets, and to facilitate
, we have again reduced the
Goods, Furnishing Goods and
e you at once that we mean to

RICE, STIX & CO.

UOR HOUSE.

Semmes in 1819.

& CO.,

reet, Memphis, Tenn.

LERS IN

EGARS, ETC.

ry and Other Wines,

& Co.'s Champagne Wines

Whiskey.

RODUCE DEPOT!

Block, Memphis, Tenn.

GHT,

Commission Merchant

FOR

Bacon, Lard, Apples, Potatoes,
Lime, Cement and Plaster.

ttention given to filling orders.

ON 1821.

W YORK 1836.

ED AT MEMPHIS 1864

TER TRADE

1868.

BRADLEY,

RTERS.

t, Adams Block,

ices their full lines of

ERY, GUNS, Etc.

of the Merchants and Planters of the South.

ACCEPTANCE.

THOS. D. WILDER,
Late of Orgill Bros. & Co.

V & CO.,

STREET,

VARE AND IRON

ally situated, we are prepared to fill all orders for

llery, Tools of all kinds,

ckering's Anti-Freezing Pumps,

rpenters' Tools,

rming Implements.

favor us with a call. op30

BY GRIMAULT & COMPANY

ness Prince Napoleon.

ecoveries, founded on the principles of chemistry and
medicine, as it frames sufficiently indicate their com-
s prescribed by the faculty to the whole world. They
ed in every city in the United States, as they are
ace, exist in France with regard to the sale of medicaf
of the Academy of Medicine, and can be procured by
al men, are authorized by the Government. This fact
medicines.

Liquid Phosphate of Iron.

ION IN THE STOMACH—DIFFICULT DIGESTION,
NESS OF BLOOD. It is particularly recommended to
se, as well as to persons suffering under any kind of de-
ation and wasting climates.

rup o Iodized Horse Radish.

hospitals of Paris. It is a perfect substitute for COD
ITE OIL, and HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SO-
TIZE. It regenerates the constitution in horrible ca-
ases of the throat, lungs and bronchial tubes, and is
ure to HUMORS and OBSTRUCTION OF THE

p of Hypophosphite of Lime.

OF PHTHISIS and other DISEASES OF THE LUNGS
e relieved, night perspirations cease, and the patient i

ttled to the bottle, as this syrup is liable to imitations.

Dr. Burin du Buisson's (Laureate
Medicine) Digestive Lozenges.

ed medical men in France in cases of dyspepsia, of the
AND LABORIOUS DIGESTION, wind in the stomach
LIVER AND BOWELS.

a, Dysentery, Instantly Cured by

arana.

employed since time immemorial to cure INFLAMMA-
ecessfully in cases of CHOLERA, as it is preventive and

ttled to the bottle, as this syrup is liable to imitations.

ne in Paris.

ain instantly an effervescing mineral and gaseous water

Stomach Aches, and for Ladies suffering from difficult or
ation. It regulates the whole system, gives new life and
ergy to constipation, and to sustain a certain portion of
ed in cases of cholera and derangements resulting from

Capsules and Liquid Extract of

tails.

ways effect a cure. They insure rapid and extraordinary
are used in the hospitals of Paris by the celebrated Dr.
al remedies and copaiba, and cubebs. The injection is

York, E. FOUGERA, 30 North William street.
In Memphis, G. W. JONES & CO.,
257 Main Street.

RARE OPPORTUNITY

rug Store for Sale

HARE opportunity to purchase a Drug Store, most eligibly
ituated, and doing a splendid remunerative business, is
ed for sale by the owner, who is compelled to retire in his
; and this will dispose of the same, together with its re-
ishments, upon the most favorable terms. If early
ation be made

Large Bargain may be Obtained.

fixtures and appointments for retail business are unsur
d.

Refer to R. C. WEYMOUTH for particulars, who will
pleasure in showing the same and making known the
. He can be found at No. 32 Madison street. oc13

Stop that Cough.

WILLIAMS' PULMONIC BALSAM OF WILD CHER-
RY AND WOOD NAPTHA is the great remedy for se-
e Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Soreness of the
s, Difficulty of Breathing, soreness of the Breast and
, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Asthma and Pulmonary Con-
. Try its unequalled merits once, and any words for it, you
a future one no other.

ld by all druggists everywhere throughout the South. Deal-
be supplied at J. B. Wasson & Co.'s, wholesale drug-
and sole agents for this medicine, to whom all orders
be addressed. oc20

For Sale.

ar Hundred Acres of Fine Land,

LY fifty acres cleared, balance heavily timbered, most of
above cornflow, situated on Loosa Riarcle river, three
south of Sarepta.

ms of purchase are very favorable. Apply to

FISH, SUREROW,
Raleigh, Tenn.

to T. O. RIVES, Attorney at Law, Express Building,
phis, Tenn. oc13

RANKIN, STURGIS & CO.,

mphis Fruit Preserving House,

FAMILY SUPPLIES, WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

400 Shelby Street, Under Gayoso House,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

ORAGE! STORAGE! STORAGE!

PLE Storage Room for Merchandize and wares of all
ds, at the GREAT SOUTHERN FIREPROOF DEPOT,
ground-rods street, Front Block.

—ALSO—

Room for rent, in a well lighted, comfortable office,
ond floor of the Granite Block.

WILLIAM F. WINTER.

JO. BANFILL & CO.

AVE established their office in Three Block, in rear of No.
Jefferson street, where they may be found by parties in-
ed. oc20

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

SUNDAY, ... NOVEMBER 10, 1867

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	2 30 P.M.	2 45 P.M.
Memphis Mail Daily	7 00 P.M.	7 30 P.M.
Somerville Accommodation Daily, (Sun- days excepted)	7 00 A.M.	2 30 P.M.

Ticket office, 259 Main, corner of South Court street.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express	4 30 P.M.	5 00 P.M.
Freight daily, except Sunday	5 00 P.M.	1 00 P.M.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	10 00 A.M.	1 30 P.M.
Night Express	1 00 A.M.	11 30 P.M.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Our city patrons are requested to call and pay any sums due for subscriptions to the AVALANCHE without a certificate from the office authorizing them to collect.

GALLAWAY, REES & CLEMENT.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.—Elder T. W. Caskey will preach at the Linden street Christian Church to-day, at eleven a.m. and at half-past seven p.m.

CENTRAL METHODIST CHURCH.—There will be preaching at eleven o'clock, also the holy sacrament. Rev. J. T. C. Collins, pastor.

The session of the First Cumberland Presbyterian Church urgently request a full attendance of members, at eleven a.m. Besides services of an interesting character, a name will be presented for approval as pastor. Sunday school nine a.m.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. Mr. Miller has so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able to return to the city, and will supply his pulpit, in the First Baptist Church, to-day at the usual hour.

GRAND LARCENY.—Augustus Calay was committed to jail yesterday by Justice Helarich, on the charge of grand larceny.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—A man named Collins had one of his legs sawed off, yesterday, while tending a saw mill on Wolf river. He was conveyed in an ambulance to the City Hospital.

FALSE PRETENSES.—D. H. Seuser was arrested yesterday on the complaint of P. H. Taff, charging Seuser with obtaining money under false pretenses.

KATE STONER FOUND GUILTY.—The trial in the Municipal Court of Kate Stoner, for keeping a disreputable house, has resulted in her conviction, and she was fined $300.

GIVEN UP.—The bondsmen of Mary Dean, colored, a chronic case, gave her up again yesterday, and she was arrested and is now in jail. Mary has had a hard road to travel.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.—Martin Moore was arrested yesterday by officer Chamberlain, on the above charge: as was also Thomas Walsh. Boys, you should leave bad whisky alone.

CHANCERY COURT.—Wm M. Smith, Chancellor, Meets on Monday next, pursuant to adjournment. Cases will be heard on Tuesday. A calendar will be published on that day.

The greatest inducement ever offered to invest in Memphis property is presented in the sale on ten years' credit, by Royster, Trezevant & Co., auctioneers, which takes place on Thursday next. Read their advertisement, under auction head. 3t

The best place in the city to get a good and healthy potation, "mixed" as only Graff can do it, is the Office Saloon, corner of Madison and Front streets. Call in, you will find something to suit your taste there when you are dry.

FARGASON, CORDES & CO.—One of the best houses in this city is the wholesale grocery establishment of Fargason, Cordes & Co., No. 328 Front street. Everything in the line is kept constantly on hand by them, and at the most reasonable rates. To country dealers, planters or any one else we would say, give Fargason, Cordes & Co. a call.

ATTENTION.—We are requested by Squire Miller to announce that the office will be closed until resumed on Monday. It has been stopped on account of the fire in the Wickersham block. The docket will be called on Monday morning, and the cases proceeded with in the regular order until all are disposed of.

SUPREME COURT.—A special term of this court will commence on next Monday, November 11, 1867, at chambers in Dodge, and will continue for about two weeks. The cases appealed from the decision of the Chancellor of our Chancery Court, at the last term of said court, will come up for adjudication.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Two passenger trains on the Mississippi Central Railroad collided yesterday, one mile south of Grenada. Both engines were smashed up, and six passenger cars badly damaged. No lives were lost, and but one person injured—a negro brakesman named Tim, who had his leg broken.

IMPORTANT.—Business men can obtain daily reports of the New York and Liverpool cotton and gold markets by applying to Major W. O. Woodson, at the telegraph office. Dispatches, as soon as arriving, will be delivered anywhere in the city. Now as business is reviving, the importance of attending to this matter is obvious.

FIRE AT RIPLEY.—A fire occurred in Ripley, West Tennessee, a few days ago, which consumed several business houses on the west side of the square. Mark Davenport's and Price & Neighbor's grocery establishments were destroyed, together with nearly all the stock. Mr. Larimore's tin shop, adjoining, was considerably damaged. The total loss by this fire is estimated at between three and four thousand dollars.

CAKES.—The making of cakes and the proper baking of them, is an art that few possess. We saw some specimens at Recco's, on the corner of Adams and Main streets, yesterday, which would have tempted the palate of a hermit. If we were going to get married, Recco should make our wedding cake. He has also a fine assortment of domestic and French candies, which he will sell as low as any house in town.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—We learn from a gentleman who arrived in this city from Chattanooga, that the train due there yesterday morning, on the Nashville and Chattanooga road, met with an accident in the vicinity of Murfreesboro. By the breaking of a rail, the locomotive and tender left the track, and badly broken up. Fortunately only one occupant, a gentleman, was injured. By the running around the train, sending a car, only a couple of hours' time was lost.

LAW CURE.—James O. Pierce, Judge.—Meets on next Monday, pursuant to adjournment. The docket will be taken up and called through, commencing where Judge Smith left off, at case number 685. As no jury is expected, the attendance of parties must be present, as the rules of Court in reference to calling the docket, and which were heretofore published, will be strictly enforced. No cases will be set for trial until the calling of the docket shall have been concluded.

CRIMINAL COURT.—William Hunter, Judge.—Meets on Monday morning at the usual hour. The calling of the docket of jail cases will be continued. Jurors and witnesses must be prompt in attendance, or fines will be imposed. All parties who were present during the investigation in the criminal cases before magistrates must be in attendance to prosecute such cases when called up for trial. Forfeitures will be taken against them on their bonds.

MEMPHIS COLLEGE.—The flourishing institution of learning, on College Hill, Beale street, has not suspended a single day during the prevalence of the late epidemic. The good health of professors and students is doubtless attributable in a great degree to the fine location of the college, and to its ample and well ventilated apartments. As the second quarter is about to begin, new pupils would do well to enroll their names at once, and begin with the quarter.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—Judge Waldron, presiding. The cases set for trial on Monday are as follows:

176 vs. 228	Same vs. Dec. Ward Yeats.
178 vs. 229	Same vs. John Carney.
180	Same vs. P. Cohn.
181	Same vs. Theodore Steinbach.
208	Same vs. T. O. Smith.
209	Same vs. Tom Young and H. Jones.
45 to 48	Same vs. R. Ferguson.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 12.

49	Same vs. John Evans.

INTERESTING.—On Second street, corner of Monroe, are some of the most interesting works we have had the pleasure of looking at for some time. We allude to the miscellaneous works of the best poets and novelists, the latest of which are very low prices by C. C. Cleaves & Co. This house is furnished with all the latest standard books of fiction, of law, travel, or general literature. In addition to which they have the largest and best selected stock of stationery in the South-west. If you wish anything in their line we would your own interest by giving them a call.

Joe Locke, 22 Jefferson street, AVALANCHE building, has received the Irish Republic, La Crosse Democrat, Irish Citizen, (John Mitchell's new paper) Clipper, Sporting Times, Wilkes' Spirit, Irish People, Literary Album, Waverley, Boston Pilot, Harper's Bazar of Fashion, Banner of Light, Yankee Notions, Comic Monthly, New York Ledger, Pleasant Hours, and a host of other interesting papers and magazines suitable for Sunday reading, together with a well assorted stock of books, writing paper, envelops, etc. Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

PERSONAL.—Mose Parish, of the Bolivar *Bulletin*, is in town. Mose seems to be prospering hugely, and he deserves it.

Lotta will arrive to-day, and put up at the Overton Hotel.

Colonel W. L. Vance has returned home.

Mr. John Rivers, of the firm of Briggs & Norton has also returned from his visit abroad.

Mr. T. C. Leadbetter, of the Goodman (Miss.) *Star*, is the newest in the city on business connected with his paper.

Dr. W. T. Tremain, U. S. A., post surgeon, has fully recovered, and made his appearance on our streets.

Judge John T. Swaine has, we understand, resumed the practice of his profession.

Professor J. N. Stacy reopens his school at the Central Methodist Church on Monday, (to-morrow). Mr. Stacy is a lately Professor of Ancient Languages in Homer College, La., is a good teacher and Christian gentleman.

John C. Dean, the weigher of cotton for this district, has arrived, and is stopping at the Gayoso. His wife is a sister of Gen. Grant.

TRANSFER OF REAL ESTATE.—James Taylor to Mary Jane Taylor, deed of gift; part of lot No. 4 in block No. 44, fronting on Brown's avenue 50 by 76 feet.

R. L. Smith to Geo. W. Duncan, tax deed; lots No. 1, 2 and east half of lot No. 7 in block 6, fronting 150 by 200 feet on Market street, the corner of Raleigh.

T. B. Micou to H. F. Neuman et ux., deed $600; lot No. 65, part of the tract belonging to the heirs of C. Peyton, deceased, on Crocket avenue, fronting 41 feet by 128 feet.

H. F. Neuman et ux., deed $600; lots Nos. 32 and 33, being part of a fifteen acre tract formerly belonging to the heirs of C. Peyton, deceased, fronting on Grenshaw street 84 feet by 100 feet.

Thomas Peacock to T. B. Micou, deed $1,500; lots Nos. 32, 33, 37 and 38, fronting on Greenlaw street each 34 by 150 feet.

J. T. Peyton, trustee, to T. B. Micou, quit claim deed; same property conveyed above.

A. Wright to Margaret J. Burleson, deed $8,300; tract of land in the Fourteenth civil district, southeast of and near the city of Memphis, east side of College street, containing 2 2-100 acres.

Mr. John Ainsley, of the *Appeal*, started only a business trip to New Orleans. We wish him a happy time and safe return.

LILLY BROS., Grocers.—Have removed to the corner of Second and Union streets, in the new court room building. 1w

SHOOTING LAST NIGHT.

Great Excitement in South Memphis.

The city was startled last night, about twelve o'clock, by the discharge of about one hundred shots down in South Memphis, near South street in the neighborhood of the late riot. The report soon spread that another riot was going on, and hundreds of excited citizens went rushing in that direction. When we got in the neighborhood everything was quiet, and we learned that all the fuss occurred at a meeting which the negroes had held at Beale's Hall, in the vicinity of Fort Pickering, and that they were firing off their pistols in glorification. It appeared to us last night that the number of shots we heard, that parties were indulging in pistol practice in all directions in the suburbs, but this is no cause for anxiety or alarm, as those who have business at the limits of the corporation know. We could learn of no serious results from the shooting.

MERCHANT TAILORING.—Power & McGoey, the celebrated merchant tailors, of Nashville, Tenn., have just received an unexcelled assortment of cloths, cassimeres, doeskins and vestings. They have also a superb line of overcoating beavers, of all shadows, which they are prepared to make up for their customers in a manner which they are determined shall not be excelled by any merchant tailor establishment in the country. Having recently at the cutting table one of the finest cutters in the country, there can be no doubt but the garments coming from this establishment will be all that the most fastidious on the question of dress could desire. Prices are also reasonable, having adopted the rule "live and let live." Our friends, in want of fine clothing, will not forget this firm.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—The Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of this State, which met in annual session at Nashville in October last, has appointed J. C. Eyrich Grand Deputy for this district and division, for the ensuing year. He has appointed W. L. Sim for South Memphis Division, No. 46; Thomas Carothers, Chelsea Division, No. 57; George E. Hohl, Bluff City Division, No. 58; Mrs. Callie, Young Men's Division, No. 60, and L. S. Grant, Shelby Division, No. 61. The Commissions arrived yesterday, and the officers will enter at once upon their duties. We are glad to see the interest manifested in the cause of temperance, as illustrated by the establishment of five different divisions in this city.

THE FRANKLIN JOB OFFICE.—Now that business is reviving from its late prostration, and in order to carry on that business, merchants again want small printing done, we would direct the attention of our merchants to the splendid facilities which this office possesses for the purpose of doing the finest kinds of commercial printing. The new assortment of job type and other material is new and of the latest and most approved style of face; their stationery, papers, cards, etc., are also excelled in the city, while their presses are new, and sends off the impression as clear as a saint's conscience. Our readers will not forget the "Franklin."

CARELESS DRIVING.—C. C. Covington was arrested yesterday for careless driving. The police should do more of this business; it has come to be a nuisance in Memphis. It was but yesterday that we saw an interesting little girl, of about eight years old, narrowly escape being run over by a vehicle, which came dashing over the crossing as if it had been going against time on a race course.

The greatest inducements ever offered to invest in Memphis property is presented in the sale on ten years' credit, by Royster, Trezevant & Co., auctioneers, which takes place on Tuesday next. Read their advertisement, under auction head. 3t

Where is the lady that will not have a poplin dress when she can get it at thirty cents per yard? See B. Lowenstein & Bros.' advertisement. 2t

White blankets at three dollars and fifty cents per pair, at J. H. Lowenstein & Bros.'s, Clay Building. 4t

One price—only one price—but that the lowest possible price—at B. Lowenstein & Bros.' See advertisement. 2t

Every lady can afford to buy an empress cloth dress pattern at eighty-five cents per yard. See B. Lowenstein & Bros.' advertisement. 2t

Must be sold, dry goods at Rice's clearing sale. 1w

If Asmodeus should unroof all the houses in New York, as the story says he unroofed those of Madrid, in the dressing rooms of ladies about the time of a reception, he would find Pease's "Night Blooming Cereus."—*Wilkesbarre Union.*

All linen towels, at sixteen cents a pair, bleached and brown domestic at ten cents a yard, at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s 251 Main street. 4t

Bed blankets, balmoral and hoop skirts, shawls and cloaks, at the greatest reduction in price, at Lindauer, Arnold & Co.'s, 311 Main street. 1f

Remember, cloths and cassimeres, at less than cost, at Rice's great clearing sale.

Miles' shoes for ladies and children, at reduced prices, at Lindauer, Arnold & Co.'s, 311 Main street. 1f

Got bargains at Rice's great clearing sale.

Fine all wool flannels, thirty-five cents per yard at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s, 251 Main street. 4t

Read the advertisement of Rice, Stix & Co. Their immense stock of fashionable dry goods will be closed out regardless of cost, to suit the retail trade.

Attend the closing sale of Rice, Stix & Co.; you will find a complete stock of dry goods at lower prices than ever.

Go to Rice's, if you want dry goods cheap.

Why do you buy calico when you can get cheap and plaids at fifteen cents per yard? See B. Lowenstein & Bros.' advertisement. 2t

Calico, twelve yards for one dollar, at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro.'s, 251 Main street. 4t

We cannot enumerate the prices of our immense stock to be closed out—they are the lowest in order to secure an early sale. RICE, STIX & CO.

THE TURF MEETING.—This interesting event which has been postponed until the second day in November, promises to be one of the best conducted and most successful of any which has taken place for years. The best and fastest horses in the country will be here to contend for purses princely in their munificence, and the spirit of fair play will preside at all the transactions of the occasion. The course is being put in the best possible condition, and it will not be the fault of the proprietors if the coming races do not make it one of the fastest tracks in the country. A new ladies' stand has been erected, and great care will be taken to exclude all but the ladies when the grand fashionable ould exhaust its. From all points we hear of the determination of the first horsemen of the country to be present with their best stock, and a gala time may be anticipated.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for diabetes and all diseases of the kidneys. For sale by all druggists.

ERROR OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Those wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so, by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, gives rest to the mother and health to the child, softens the gums, reduces all inflammation, will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. We have put it up and used it for years, and can say in confidence and truth of what we have never been able to say of any other medicine, never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its medical effects and natural virtues. We speak in the manner "what we know," after years of experience, and pledge our reputation for the truth of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in from fifteen to twenty minutes after the syrup is administered. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. Be sure and call for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Price only thirty-five cents per bottle. Office—No. 13 Pulton street, New York. 20 High Holborn, London, England. se 28, 1yrd street, Montreal, Canada. oc6

RIVER NEWS.

AVALANCHE OFFICE,
SUNDAY, November 10.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

The weather is clear and pleasant, with no improvement to report in navigation. The St. Louis packets report five feet in the channel between here and St. Louis. The Ohio is falling, with three and a half feet in the channel, and four feet in the Lower Ohio. The late rise did not improve the navigation of the river in any extent. White river continues low, with three feet eight inches at Little Island. The Arkansas remains low, with twenty-two inches in the channel.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Rose Hambleton, White river;
" Gleaner, Pine Bluff.
" Rubicon, St. Louis.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Rubicon, Vicksburg.
" Ozark, White river.
" Pilgrim, Little Rock.
" Victor No. 2, Hale's Point.
" Goldfinch, Hale's Point.
" Nightingale, St. Louis.

IN PORT.

Gleaner, Commercial, Cuonissa, Rose Hambleton, Dan Able.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There was a fair amount of business doing on the levee yesterday, with a fair list of departures.

The Commercial, Captain Wm. Ashford, arrived at noon from White river, with 236 bales of cotton. She had a hard trip coming out, on account of the extremely low water. Owing to the lateness of her arrival she laid over until Tuesday, to take her regular day.

The Ozark went out in her place, and she had a splendid trip of people and freight.

The Commercial will leave on Tuesday, at five p.m., for all points on White river. She is the regular Tuesday New Orleans mail packet, and will leave without fail.

The Gleaner came in from Arkansas river yesterday. She is receiving for a return trip, and will leave here at five p.m., for all points of way and way points. Captain John Fenwick commands, with a clever gentleman in charge of the office.

The Nightingale expected to get off last night for St. Louis, with 1,100 bales of cotton.

The Victor No. 2 and Goldfinch cleared for Hale's Point with a bend trip.

The Robert E. Lee, Captain Cannon, will leave the wharf Monday, at three p.m., for New Orleans and the bends. Staterooms can be secured at Captain Sam Shock's agency office, in the Overton Hotel.

The Rose Hambleton, Captain Thomas Newell, arrived from White river yesterday with 180 bales of cotton. She is receiving for a return trip, and is announced to leave on Monday, at five p.m., for all points of way and way points through to Jacksport. Messrs. Harry Sweet and Andy Granger are her clever and accommodating clerks.

The Ark, Captain Elliott, is the Tuesday Vicksburg packet.

The Columbian, Captain Barnes, will leave this port Wednesday, at five p.m., for Vicksburg and the bends. The Columbian is a good boat and in charge of clever officers.

The Great Republic, Captain Donaldson, will leave the wharf Monday, at five p.m., for New Orleans and the bends. Captain Sam Barr is her chief engineer.

The Adam Jacobs, Captain Hemmingway, failed to come to time yesterday, but will be found at the wharf this morning, and leave at ten a.m. for Cairo and St. Louis.

The Celeste will come to the wharf Monday morning to load for the Arkansas, and will leave on Thursday.

The Silver Spray passed Louisville Tuesday, and is due here to-day.

The St. Charles and Legal Tender, receiving at Louisville for New Orleans, have deferred their departure here for the present, on account of the low stage of water in the Ohio.

The Belle Memphis, Captain Dan Musselman, is the regular for Monday, Cairo and St. Louis packet. Geo. Dean is her attentive purser.

The Princess, Captain Verhees, will leave the City Wharfboat Tuesday at 5 a. m., for White River.

The Bertha, Captain Jenkens, will leave the City Wharfboat Monday at 5 p. m., for Cincinnati and way points on the Ohio.

The Henry Ames, Captain Frank Hicks, is the regular Wednesday New Orleans packet. She will lay at the wharfboat Monday to receive freight.

The Julia, Captain Pegram, will leave the City wharfboat to-day at 5 p. m., for New Orleans.

The Eagle Bird, Captain Chadsfield, leaves this port with a cargo of merchandize.

The H. M. Sherrett, Captain Carter, will leave the City wharfboat Monday at 4 p. m. for St. Louis.

The Louisville *Courier* of Friday says:

The river was falling yesterday, with three feet six inches water in the canal, in the evening, by the mark. During the previous twenty-four hours it had fallen three inches at the head of the falls and eight inches at Portland. The weather has turned warm, with no frost visible yesterday morning. It was cloudy, and there is some hope of rain, with the mercury in the barometer falling slowly all day. Our packet last yesterday was decidedly large—the largest for some time—and the wharf was much enlivened by the appearance. The boats, however, were only partially laden, the two Memphis packets and the Nashville alone, the departures last evening were the Argonaut No. 2, Captain Everhart, for New Orleans; the Empire, Captain Wood, for Memphis, and the new Ouachita packet Lotta Swanna, Captain Brinker, for New Orleans. The latter is a small one, built at Marietta. On Pittsburg the river was falling, with three feet five inches water in the channel by the Monongahela marks. Another dispatch states that the river had risen an inch the night previous, but was again falling, with nine inches water in the canal. The Plain City and Kate were expected to start from the foot of the falls last evening for St. Louis.

The St. Louis *Republican*, of Friday, says:

A bright and cloudless sky overhead, but a stiff Southern gale filled the air almost to suffocation, with vast clouds of dust, which, penetrating mouth, eyes, ears, and in fact almost every pore, rendered out door movements extremely uncomfortable. Business continues dull. A slight decline in rates took place yesterday, flour being taken by the regular packets for New Orleans at seventy-five cents per barrel, freight to Memphis remaining at fifty. The river is about stationary, the slight rises are counterbalanced of any material rise before the close of navigation. The late rise in the Ohio has reached its climax, and the river is again on the decline, with but three and a half feet in the channel at Pittsburg.

Captain William F. Gilham has sold his one-fourth interest in the steamer Only Chance, to Captain Charles M. Swanson, at the rate of $16,000 for the whole boat. Captain Gilham leaves to-day for Red river, where he will take command of the steamer Iron City. The Only Chance will hereafter be under the command of Captain Swanson, who is never out of a job.

Several steamers were prevented from leaving yesterday on account of the high wind which prevailed. Among them were the Nellie Rogers, for Naples, and champion, with two barges, for New Orleans.

MONETARY.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
SUNDAY, November 10, 1867.

We have no material change to note in local finances. The demand for accommodation continues active, and borrowers experience considerable difficulty in supplying their wants except upon gilt edge paper. The banks have been discounting very little during the past week. The causes that are producing the present stringency in the money market, appear to be general throughout the South. The lateness of the cotton crop, and the low prices obtained for the leading staple of the South, while provisions and breadstuffs rule at high prices, has caused a depression in the general markets, and merchants find it almost impossible to make collections, while many have advanced to the planters more than their crops will be worth. How long this state of affairs will last it is impossible to predict. There will be but little improvement until the first of January. By that time the most of the present crop of cotton will be thrown upon the market, which will tend to relieve the stringency of the money market.

Gold in New York opened at 139¼, and at noon declined to 139⅛. The market here was quiet light transactions, with buying at 137, 38 ¼ steady at 126@128 for large pieces.

EXCHANGE—Is in fair request, buying at ¼ to ¾ off and selling at ¼ to ½ premium.

CITY SCRIP—Is steady with a fair demand, but little offering. Brokers are offering 40c and selling from 45@50.

STATE BONDS—Are in fair demand, and prices rule about as heard by us on last Friday.

COUNTY SCRIP—Is dull at the buying, and nominal selling.

The following are the quotations for bank paper:

Tennessee 6s; Union Bank, 80; Bank of Memphis, par; Bank of Commerce, 80; Bank of Nashville, par; Bank of Tennessee, par; Bank of Commerce, par; Bank of Chattanooga, par; Bank of Knoxville, par; Bank of Middle Tennessee 80; City Bank, 80; Merchants' Bank, 80; North Western Bank, 80; Ocoee Bank, 80; Southern Bank, 80; Bank of Shelbyville Bank, 80; Southern Bank, 80; Bank of Winchester, par; Bank of Clarksville, par; Bank of Memphis, par; Bank of the Union, 80; Bank of Nashville, par; Bank of the State, 80; Union Bank certificates, 80; Bank of Commerce, 80; Bank of Paris, 80.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
SUNDAY, November 10, 1867.

Trade in the general markets yesterday was steady with a small local and shipping trade doing in plantation supplies. Breadstuffs remain firm with prices unchanged. The feed market is firm with a small jobbing trade doing. Provisions are very weak with full receipts, and a decline in pork and bacon. Clear sides ruled yesterday at 17¾@18c; mess pork, $23 25@23 50.

COTTON.—The market yesterday opened with a limited inquiry. Prices ruled firm and steady. Transactions for the day were light. As buyers always close up their week's business on that day, the market throughout exhibits firmness, with sales of middling at 16½@16¾; low middling, 15@15¼; good middling, 17@17¼. There was little doing in low grades, there being little of that quality on the market. The New York dispatches reported that market firm with a moderate demand; middlings, 19c; Orleans, 20@20¼. Receipts for the week, 16,500 bales; sales for the week, 20,000 bales; exports, 10,000 bales; stock on hand, 200,000 bales. The market here closed steady with prices full and buoyant, and in some cases holders asked a slight advance over the following quotations.

Ordinary	13@13½
Good Ordinary	14@14½
Low Middling	15@15½
Middling	16@16½
Good Middling	17@17½

COTTON STATEMENT.

Receipts to-day	1,501 bales.
Exports to-day	1,312

GENERAL MARKET.

NOTE.—Our quotations are the wholesale prices unless otherwise stated. In filling small orders to the city or country trade an advance of three to five per cent is obtained.]

GUNPOWDER—Dull with light receipts and a small local trade doing; shelled, white and yellow, is jobbing at $1 10@1 18; rye, 90@95c per bushel.

FEATHERS—The market is quiet with prices steady; superfine, $7 50@8 25; X, $8 75@9 00; XX, $11 50@12 00; XXX, $13 50@14 00; fancy brands, $15 00@15 50.

OATS—Firm with few on market; selling in store at 73@75c per bushel.

CORN MEAL—Steady with small trade doing; choice, $3 10@3 60 per barrel.

BRAN—Steady and jobbing at $40 per ton in store.

HAY—In light supply with a fair local demand; selling in store at $28@30 per ton.

APPLES—Quiet and steady with full receipts; choice rules from $3 50@6 per barrel.

EGGS—Are scarce at 28@30c per dozen.

BUTTER—Choice yellow is in fair demand, with little on the market; selling at 40@45c; inferior at 30@35c; Goshen, 45c.

BACON—Dull; Kentucky machine, 26@27; Indiana, 24@25.

BEESWAX—In demand at 30c.

ONIONS—Steady at $3 75@4 per barrel.

PROVISIONS—The market was quiet and steady with full receipts and a small trade doing. Mess pork, $23 00@23 50 barrel; clear sides week and jobbing at 17½@18; clear ribbed sides, 16@16½; shoulders, 15c; breakfast bacon, 18½@19c; plain canvassed hams, 20@22; sugar cured, 24@25½.

LARD—Dull and quiet; keg leaf, 14½@15c; three, 4c.

FISH—Quiet with a fair jobbing trade doing; North Carolina white shad, half barrel, $8 50; family No. herring, half barrel, $5 50; No. 1 mackerel, per barrel, $15; mackerel, No. 1 per barrel, $17@21; per half barrel, $9@11; per kit, $2 50@3; No. 2 per barrel, $21; per half barrel, $11; per kit, $2 75; No. 3 per half barrel, $10; per kit, $2 50@3 00; white fish per half barrel, $7@8; dried cod per pound, 6½c.

GREASE—Quiet at 8@9c per pound for shipment.

GUNPOWDER—Inactive and nominal at $8 per keg; $4 50 per half keg; $2 25 per quarter keg.

HIDES—In fair demand; flint, 18c; salted, 10@10½c; green, 8@8½c.

LEATHER—Quiet and steady. Oak sole, 46@50c; hemlock, 40@43; harness, 38@42; skirting, 45@48; uppers per dozen, $35 50; French calf, $60@72; American calf, 40@45.

MOLASSES—Market inactive; New Orleans, 80@90c.

POTATOES—Dull. Choice rule at $4@4 50 per barrel.

PAINTS, OILS, ETC.—The market is inactive. We quote white lead, as to quality; 13@15c; American red lead, 13c; Venetian red, 2½@3c; Paris red, $1 60; Spanish brown, 12½@13c; French yellow and window, 2½@3c; chrome yellow, 20@25c; chrome green, 25@30c; Paris green, 45@50c; linseed oil, $1 60@1 75 per gallon; sperm, $2 25@2 50; lard, $1 60@1 75 per gallon; turpentine, $1 10@1 20; boiled linseed oil, $1 60@1 75 per gallon; raw linseed oil, $1 50@1 60 per gallon; varnish, $3 50@4 per gallon; coach, $3 50@4 per gallon; lamp black, 20@25c per pound; whiting, 2½@3c; Paris white, 3½@4c; putty, 3½@4c; glue, 20@25c; factory, 17@17½c.

LIQUORS—Quiet at $4@5 per barrel.

CANDLES—Dull at 19@20c for light weights.

SALT—Steady at $3 75@4 per barrel.

TALLOW—In demand at 9½c per pound.

TAR—Quiet at $6 per dozen kegs.

TURPENTINE—Scarce and firm at 80c per gallon.

TOBACCO—Quiet. Fine grades are in good demand and new supplies are received daily. We quote natural leaf at $4@1 40; fancy Virginia, new work, $1@1 25; fine bright, pounds, $1@1 10; medium do, pounds, 75@80c; common bright, pounds, 60@75c; fine fancy smoking, 75@81 50.

WHEAT—Is in fair demand at $2 20@2 30 for choice white, and $1 70@1 75 for spring.

WOOL—In fair demand; unwashed, 15@22c; washed, 30@33c per pound.

WHISKY—Market steady and quiet, with a small trade doing; common, $1 40@2 50; Bourbon, $3@6.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, November 9.

Cotton less active; sales, 1,500 bales; uplands, 19. Flour dull and heavy; superfine, $6@6. Corn 1 3c@1 5c better. Pork dull; new mess, $23 75@24. Lard active, 46@50. Rice weak; Carolina, 9¼@10. Coffee quiet; Cuba coffee, 11¾@13. Molasses nominal. Tar heavy and very dull.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, November 9.

Money steady; 6@7c for call loans. Sterling dull, 9½@9¾. Gold, 139⅛. Exports of specie, $77,300. Government stocks firm; 5-20's, 106⅝; 10-40's, 104¾; stocks heavy.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, November 9.

Flour unchanged and quiet. Corn in car, 90c. Oats, 46@50c. Rye, $1 35. Barley, $1 80@2 00. Wheat, $1 60@1 70 for red winter, $2 40. Corn in car, 90c. Oats, 46@50c. Rye, $1 35

THE DAILY AVALANCHE.

GALLAWAY, RHEA & CLUSKEY.

W. C. GALLAWAY, W. H. RHEA, M. W. CLUSKEY, } Editors and Proprietors.

TERMS—Daily paper, per annum, in advance, $12; Weekly $2
ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 per square, for first insertion, and subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Twenty cents per line for special notices.

OFFICE:
In our new building, No. 22 Jefferson street, near the corner of Main.

For the Avalanche.

ALODEEN—A DREAM.

BY MRS. L. V. BROWN.

The Empress looked mildly from her jewel-decked bed,
And a cloud cap'd beauty her sweet, royal head,
Playful starlights went skipping about in the skies;
The remainder kept winking their bright, silver eyes.
Two lovers were straying by the fountain's white shore;
One, a fairy-like creature, her name—Alodeen;
The other, a tyrant, with a menacing eye,
His brow darkened fiercely, as he caught her faint sigh.

You have promised to marry me, Alodeen Day,
Ere the gilt gems of autumn have faded away;
Ow're trusting child features a look swept of pain,
Then the rose color kissed back the dimples again;
But the fair, half averted, exposed mien of fear,
While the silken cast shaded a large, silent tear.
I will love you, Warrice, if you'll only be kind,
Was wafted to heaven by the low, breathing wind.

I am young, and the world seems most lovely, 'tis true,
But then I would center my heart's all upon you.
A bride stood at the altar, exquisitely fair,
While the zephyrs fanned lightly her soft flowing hair.
Of the eastern tiara set sunny—sky row had been bound,
But the depth of thy woman's heart now hath been stirred.
The sunbeam is seeking with the glacier to mate,
And "discord" stands ready, with the scope of fate.

Time rolls back the canvas from the stage scene of life—
Again in our vision is the once trusting wife;
The bridegroom have deepened into ashes of woe,
And a cold look of scoffing clouds the gentle face of
But hope lingered sweetly in the depth of her soul,
And love brought the rose back sorrow had stole;
Poets have in all ages designed woman's lot—
Was not "frailty" taken from under man's "art?

The moonbeams fall lightly on the cold Alodeen;
While an arm circles fondly the fair Alodeen dear,
List! the soft gales are sighing, for a heart to cheer.
Then linger awhile, dearest, for recorded above,
The low vow, when spoken, is found love for love;
The wooly head nestled close on with the air,
A voice so fond and tender, thy home is not there.
Chanting, spirit immortal, thy home is not there.

I, thy God-mighty, feel in others may know;
A secret for a heart to earth's children of sin,
I have given the key to the motives within,
I sing—My folds the one fo the opening outside;
The key unlocks smoothly, the door open wide.
My works are perfection, as they roll from my hand;
My laws are forever, and forever must stand.

My Bible shall guide you through the slough of despair;
Would you enter my kingdom, approach me with prayer.
Prayer lingered sweetly, as the clouds curl in twain,
And angel lands echoed the floating refrain:
The storm of heaven passed away from my sight,
As a bright star that gladdens the darkness of night.
Prayer, prayer, prayer, murmured sadly the soft falling rain,
I awoke, and the vision returned not again.

FLORENCE, November 8th, 1867.

MYSTERIOUS PERSONS IN HISTORY.

The records of the past furnish us with half a dozen historical characters that seem to have had a mysterious existence after the public have been informed of their imagined deaths. To such an extent has the belief of a post-existence been carried that one could say, with great propriety, in the language of Sir William Jones:

"The black may seek their glee,
Their heads may sudden in the sun, their limbs
Be strong to active gambol and to use;
But stir, foot spirit walks around."

And these spirits seem to be encased in tangible, earthly folds, if we may credit the tales of travelers. This young Republic has not been slow in making a startling history, and one that has all the romantic pages of century-old Europe. For have we not

JOHN C. COLT,

brother of Samuel Colt, inventor of the Colt revolver. He murdered in 1842 a man named Adams, to whom he owed an amount of money, and who had dogged Colt considerably. Adams called at the office of Colt, on the corner of Broadway and Chambers street, when a scuffle ensued, and Colt seizing a hatchet lying near, disposed of his creditor. He then went out, closed the door, and while walking in the park, resolved to return, cut the body up and send it to New Orleans; but in the meantime Adams was missed, and having been last seen going into Colt's office, the gentleman was suspected, and it was ascertained from a carman that a box had left the office. This box was found at the bottom of the vessel. Colt was tried and convicted, but his counsel, who confessed to it on his dying bed, introduced a knife into the prison with which Colt committed suicide on the morning of his conviction. Several mysterious circumstances were alluded to in this murder and suicide, for the evening before the execution a man in disguise called upon the Sheriff and offered him $1,000 to afford facilities for the escape of the criminal, which proposition was not entertained; and an hour or two before Colt was to have been hanged the bell-tower of the Tombs took fire and a great deal of confusion ensued. Although an inquest was held on the body, it was almost universally believed that Colt has escaped. Even now, reports come from various parts of the world that he has been seen alive, and about fifteen years ago many sensational articles appeared purporting that he had escaped and was still living.

"THE MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY."

Whether or not the person who bears this pseudonyme was the subject of a cleverly concocted fable or not, it is at least a singular case. The person who is said to have borne this title was a Philip Nolan, a notice of whose death appeared last year in a New York journal. It ran thus: "Died on board United States corvette Levant, on the 11th of May, Philip Nolan." The story is as follows: When Aaron Burr made his first dashing expedition down to New Orleans, in 1805, he met a lieutenant named Philip Nolan, belonging to the Legion of the West. The young officer became fascinated with the brilliant statesman, who enlisted him in his treasonable schemes. The authorities suspected Nolan as being an accomplice of Burr's, and on the court martial the impetuous youth cried out, in a fit of frenzy, "D—n the United States! I wish I may never hear of the United States again." These words shocked the Revolutionary officers that formed the court martial, and Nolan was condemned to be sent on board a vessel, where he was never again to hear the words United States, and the instructions received were as follows:

"WASHINGTON, (with the date, which must have been late in 1807).

"SIR: You will receive from Lieutenant Neale the person of Philip Nolan, late a lieutenant in the United States army.

"This person on his trial by court martial expressed with an oath the wish that he might never hear of the United States again.'

"The court sentenced him to have his wish fulfilled.

"For the present the execution of the order is intrusted by the President to this department.

"You will take the prisoner on board your ship, and keep him there with such precautions as shall prevent his escape.

"You will provide him with such quarters, rations and clothing as would be proper for an officer of his late rank, if he were a passenger on your vessel on the business of his government.

"The gentlemen on board will make any arrangement agreeable to themselves regarding his society. He is to be exposed to no indignity of any kind, nor is he ever unnecessarily to be reminded that he is a prisoner.

"But, under no circumstances, is he ever to hear of his country, nor any information regarding it; and you will specially caution all the officers under your command to take care, that in the various indulgences which may be granted, that rule, in which his punishment is involved, is not broken.

"It is the intention of the Government that he shall never again see the country which he has disowned. Before the end of your cruise you will receive orders which will give effect to this intention.

"Respectfully yours,

"W. SOUTHARD,

"For the Secretary of the Navy."

Nolan seems to have been passed from vessel to vessel, and to have remained a prisoner for over sixty years, and was made the subject of innumerable traditions and palpable myths. He was strictly guarded, and the name of the United States never mentioned to him. It is generally supposed, however, that this myth was originated during the recent war, by some highly imaginative individual who desired to institute comparison and similes between Nolan and the rebel leaders. Of course, Nolan repented of his folly, and died deeply regretting the incautious words that condemned him to a life of exile from the country.

NAPOLEON II.

The mass of mankind, including many of the well read, have never heard of Napoleon II, and the reason why the present Emperor assumes the title of Napoleon III is a theme a perfect enigma. Napoleon Francis Joseph Charles Bonaparte, or Napoleon II, was the son of Napoleon I, the fruit of a marriage between that sovereign and Maria Louisa of Austria, and was from his birth styled the King of Rome. When his father, the first Emperor, was compelled to abdicate in 1814, the King of Rome went with his mother to Vienna, and was there educated by his grandfather, the Emperor of Austria. His title was that of the Duke of Reichstadt, and he was carefully instructed, especially in the military art. But he appears to have inherited but little of the ability of his father; his constitution was weak, and early symptoms of consumption unfitted him for the laborious duties of a military career. On Napoleon's return from Elba, in 1815, an attempt was made to remove the young Duke to Paris, but frustrated by the Austrian authorities. He was made a lieutenant-colonel in 1831, and commanded a battalion of Hungarian infantry in the garrison of Vienna; but his death, when he was but twenty-one years old, cut him off before he had reached an age in which he might have displayed any abilities he possessed. During his lifetime he never assumed the title of Napoleon II, inasmuch as the abdication of his father in his favor was never admitted by the allies; nor was it ever claimed by the French Government. But in 1852, when the resumption of empire by Louis Napoleon rendered some title necessary, he was considered Napoleon II, and the new Emperor took that of Napoleon III. The latter title, however, having been recognized by the several Governments of Europe, the recognition of the former is implied.

LOUIS XVII,

who was supposed to have been poisoned by some person in the Temple of Paris during the French revolution, and by others to have escaped, was the son of the unfortunate Louis XVI and Marie Antoinette. It was generally currently that a report was circulating in the papers that a gentleman of advanced age had died in March, in St. Petersburgh, who was believed to have been Louis XVII. He was the third child of Louis and Marie Antoinette. His first title was Duke of Normandy, and he became dauphin by the death of his elder brother, Louis Joseph, June 4, 1789. He was carefully educated under the supervision of his father, and at the outbreak of the rebellion, was a beautiful, lively and intelligent child, but remarkably impatient and unmanageable. He was imprisoned in the Temple with the rest of the royal family, August 13, 1792. After the execution of his father, January 21, 1793, he was proclaimed King by his uncle, the Count of Provence, who was then a refugee in Germany, and was recognized King by most of the courts of Europe, by the Vendean chiefs, and by the insurgents in the south of France. These demonstrations, together with several unsuccessful attempts by royalists to rescue him from prison, irritated and alarmed the revolutionary government, and on July 3, at 10 o'clock at night, the boy was forcibly taken from his mother's arms, and, frantic with terror, was carried screaming to another part of the prison. Here he was consigned to the care of a shoemaker named Antoine Simon, a violent Jacobin of rough manners and brutal temper, who entrusted him with systematic cruelty, apparently with the design of getting rid of him without committing palpable murder. The young prince was shut up in a cell and left there alone day and night, without employment or amusement, or any opportunity to exercise or to breathe the fresh air. A vessel of water, seldom replenished, was given him for drink, and some coarse food was occasionally thrown in at the half open door. He was allowed no means of washing himself, his bed was not made for six months, and for more than a year his clothes, his shirt and his shoes were not changed. By prolonged inactivity his limbs became rigid, and his mind, through terror, grief and monotony, became imbecile and deranged. Something that he said in reply to questions having been perverted to the injury of his mother, he resolved henceforth to be silent, and for a long period neither threats, nor blows, nor coaxings could induce him to speak. When not sleeping he sat quietly in his chair, without uttering a sound or shedding a tear, or shrinking from the rats with which his dungeon swarmed. Louis, after the reign of terror, was placed under the care of more merciful keepers, but he was still kept in solitary confinement, and not allowed to see his sister, who was imprisoned in an adjoining apartment. At length, in May, 1795, a physician was allowed to see him, who pronounced him dying and scrofulous. He died at two p.m., in the arms of Lasne, one of his keepers, and the next day, June 9, his body was identified and certified to by four members of the Committee of Public Safety, and by more than twenty of the officials of the Temple. His remains were buried in the cemetery of St. Marguerite, and every trace of the grave carefully obliterated. Several pretenders, claiming to be Louis XVII, have appeared; among them, in France, Hervagart, a tailor's son, who died in 1812, in prison, and Bruneau, a shoemaker, who was sent to prison in 1802; and in the United States, the Rev. Eleazar Williams, a half breed Indian, who died in 1859.

MAN IN THE IRON MASK.

Within the walls of the Bastile, during the reign of Louis XIV, was enacted the inexplicable mystery, which has continued a mystery to this day, of the Man in the Iron Mask. When first heard of, he was confined in the Marguite Islands, in the Mediteranean, whence he was removed by De Saint Mars, who was his private governor, and answerable, if he supposed, for his safety with his own life, to the Bastile, where he died, on November 19, 1703, and was buried on the 20th, in the cemetery of St. Paul, under the name of Machiati. No man, except the governor, so far as is known, ever saw his face, or heard his voice; two persons, to whom he had conveyed written words, in one case marked upon a linen shirt, in the other engraved on a silver plate, died, without apparent cause immediately afterwards. During his conveyance from the Marguerite Isles, De Saint Mars dined at the same table, and slept in the same chamber with him, with pistols ever at hand, ready to destroy him, in the case of an attempt on his part to reveal himself. In the Bastile he was waited on, at table and at his toilet, by the governor, who took charge of and destroyed all the linen he once used. He was never seen but with a mask of black velvet, fastened behind his head with steel springs; and when he went to hear mass, the invalids, who were in charge of him, had muskets and lighted matches, were instructed to fire on him instantly in case of his speaking or showing his face. A hundred conjectures have been risked as to who this mysterious person was, who was treated with such respect, and such jealous rigor—whose life was held sacred against taking off, yet made one scene of incessant misery. The absence of any person of sufficient note from the stage of history to account for such precautions alone baffles all inquiry. The general idea seems to be that he was an elder brother of Louis XIV, the fault of an adulterous intrigue between Anne of Austria and the Duke of Buckingham, or some other unknown lover, who being born in wedlock, could not have been dispossessed of his claim to the throne had his existence been admitted.

THE CHILDREN IN THE TOWER.

The amour of Edward the Fourth suggested to his brother, the Duke of Gloster, afterward the notorious Richard III, a means of attaining the throne. He even did not hesitate to malign his own mother, darkly hinting that the resemblance of Edward IV and of the Duke of Clarence to notorious gallants, was a sufficient proof of their spurious birth, and that the Duke of Gloster alone, of all his sons, appeared by his features and countenance to be the true offspring of the Duke of York. Shakspeare and history have made the murder of the babes in the Tower a familiar story, as well as that of the numerous pretenders, among whom were Lambert Simnel and Perkin Warbeck, so it is unnecessary to give a recapitulation here. The account of Sir Thomas Moore, which was collected from the confession of the murders in the next reign, is as follows: That Richard had in vain hampered with the Governor of the Tower, Brackenbury, to put them to death, but found a ready instrument for the execution of his purpose in Tyrrell, his master of horse; that Tyrrel was dispatched with a commission to receive the Keys of the Tower for one night, and that during that night he watched without while one of his grooms, accompanied by a notorious assassin, entered the sleeping room of the princes, stifled them both with feather beds and pillows, and buried their bodies at the foot of the staircase. The testimony of More is almost contemporaneous with the event itself, and is confirmed by the honors which were certainly conferred upon the alleged murderers. In the reign of Charles II, when alterations were made in the Tower, there was found, at the foot of an old stairway (at present shown to visitors), a heap of decayed bones, which proved to be those of two boys. The indications were deemed sufficient that they belonged to the unfortunate Edward V and his brother, and they were removed, by royal command, to Westminster Abbey, where an inscription, beginning, "*Quos desideratorum dii et multum quæsitis*," was placed upon the monument. So well concerted a matter as the death of the royal princes leaves room for conjecture and historic doubt; but it is certain that, though the name of Edward V stands on the list of English sovereigns, he had hardly the shadow of a reign; that under the dark protectorship of his uncle he went speedily from the palace to the prison, within whose precincts he found secret death and burial. Notwithstanding these corroborations, there are many among the English nobility who still believe the princes escaped, and one house in Yorkshire claim to be the direct descendants of Edward V.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

Reduction of Passenger Tariff.

ON AND AFTER NOVEMBER 1st, 1867, the rates of fare from Memphis to the various points will be as follows:

FROM MEMPHIS TO	Fare.	Excursion Tickets.
WHITES	$ 50	$ 75
HORN LAKE	1 00	1 50
HERNANDO	1 50	2 25
LOVE'S	2 00	3 00
COLLIERVILLE	2 50	3 75
SENATOBIA	3 00	4 50
COMO	3 50	5 25
SARDIS	4 00	6 00
TALLAHATCHIE	4 50	6 75
DAIRY DELL	5 00	7 50
LONG CREEK	5 50	8 25
POPE	6 00	9 00
HARRISON	6 50	9 75
OAK LAND	7 00	10 50
TILLATOBA	7 50	11 25
GARNER	8 00	12 00
HARDY	8 50	12 75
GRENADA	9 00	13 50

A. S. LIVERMORE, General Superintendent.
C. P. CARLEY, General Ticket Agent. 1w

RAILROADS.

PASSENGERS TAKE NOTICE!

Great Reduction of Fare

BY THE OLD RELIABLE ROUTE,

MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON RAILROAD

TO

The North and East

CARRYING THE GREAT THROUGH MAIL.

Only All Rail Route from Memphis to New York

Without Four or Omnibus changes or delay, and is 150 miles SHORTER to WASHINGTON, and 98 miles SHORTER to NEW YORK than any other route

FROM

Memphis and all Intervening Points

TO

Georgia, the Carolinas, Virginia Springs, Lynchburg, Richmond

Fare to New York	$38 25
" Washington	34 25
" Baltimore	35 25
" Philadelphia	36 25
" Boston	45 00

TRAINS leave Memphis and Charleston Depot as follows:
6:40 A.M.—this train arrives at Nashville

Eight Hours in Advance

Of any train leaving Memphis on the day. 6:10 p.m.—this train arrives at Nashville

Two Hours in Advance

Of Night Express by any other route.
Smooth track, better equipments and Quicker Time than by any other route.

Elegant Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains—Baggage Checked Through.

Checks given at hotels or private residences when ordered at the office of the Company.

Fare as Low as by any Other Route.

Tickets to all parts can be procured at the General Office of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, 278 Main street, corner of Court square, Memphis, Tenn.

A. A. BARNES,
General Ticket Agent.

SAM'L C. WEAVER, Ticket Agent.
G. W. UPRIGHT, Passenger Agent. oct22

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD,
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., Sept. 30, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at head of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4:30 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express trains on Jeffersonville railroad for all Eastern cities, and with United States Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and in the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at 11 P.M., making close connection with fast Express train for Chicago, St. Louis, and all points North, West and Southwest, and with Illinois Central railroad for St. Louis, Cairo, Mound City, and all points South. West and Southwestern with Jeffersonville railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

CARS GO THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through to all important places. Persons holding through tickets can stop over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.

☞ Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 277½ Main street, and at Depot.

SAM'L B. JONES,
General Superintendent.
ANA HILL, Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME.

BY THE

NEW ROUTE TO NASHVILLE

Memphis and Ohio, and Nashville and Northwestern Railroads, via McKenzie.

Commencing Tuesday, October 1.

TRAINS for Nashville will leave Depot head of Main street as follows:

Evening Express leaves Memphis at 4:30 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 6:30 a.m. next day. This train arrives at Dunbar

Seven Hours and Forty-five Minutes

In advance of Evening Train from Memphis by any other route.

Night Express leaves Memphis at 11:00 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 4:00 p.m. next day.

This route is

Seventy-Eight Miles Shorter

To Nashville than via Decatur.

FARE REDUCED TO $12.00.

Through tickets via Nashville to
Chattanooga, Knoxville, and all Principal Points in Georgia, Alabama and the Carolinas.

Fare as Low as by any Other Route.

Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at No. 267½ Main street, and at the Depot, Head of Main street.

SAM'L B. MAUPIN,
M. HORLBEY, Ticket Agent.
T. A. SCOTT, Passenger Agent.

OMNIBUSES of Memphis City Transfer Company call at all the principal Hotels before the departure of trains, and Check Baggage to destination. Leaving order at the office, 277½ Main street, will call at any part of the city or steamboat landing. J. MAUPIN, Agent.
Nov. 1. H. C. T. Co.

September 3, 1867. 1y52

BOOKS & STATIONERY

H. COWPERTHWAIT, Formerly of R. G. Aiken & Co.
C. H. CHAPMAN, Late with Bullock & Co.
W. F. BOYLE, of Titus & Co.

COWPERTHWAIT, CHAPMAN & CO.,

BOOKSELLERS,

STATIONERS AND PRINTERS,

279 1-2 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

BOOKS.

Law Books,

School Books, Novels,

And a Fine Stock of Stationery at

C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,

312 Second Street, Corner of Monroe.

Notice to City Voters

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
MEMPHIS, TENN., October 30, 1867.

OFFICERS for registering voters for the next Municipal Election will be opened this day, at 10 o'clock a.m., and for the following days, at the following places:

First Ward—R. D. Baugh, Register, No. 1 Jackson street.
Second Ward—Jacob Chism, Register, No. 42 Poplar street.
Third Ward—F. J. Bayliss, Register, No. 30 second street.
Fourth Ward—J. A. Woodward, Register, No. 2 Second street.
Fifth Ward—W. S. Marsh, Register, No. 10 Front row.
Sixth Ward—James Banks, Register, Waldran Block, Main street.
Seventh Ward—H. Wimberly, Register, Ferguson building, Beale street.
Eighth Ward—Frank Tab.

Attention is called to the following extract from the City Charter, in relation to the above:

The Register "shall open books for the registration of all persons entitled by existing laws to vote to any municipal election, and who desire to said ward; and every such person shall, before offering to vote, or his name put to be registered in said books, and shall receive from the Register a certificate of registration, which shall be transferred to correspond with the name of the ward of the Register; and no person shall be entitled to vote at any municipal election who shall not have said certificate in his possession at the time of election; and no voter shall be allowed to vote in any other ward than the one where he resides and is registered."

W. C. LOFLAND, Mayor.

oct30

JOHN LILLY OWEN LILLY

LILLY BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

Corner of Union and Second Streets,

New Court House Building. MEMPHIS, TENN.

THE FULL-BODIED BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY has attained a world-wide reputation for its wonderful cures, unequaled with the greatest care, and manufactured exclusively by the proprietors, Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is the only preparation of that wonderful remedy that contains all the curative properties of the wild cherry tree, without containing the poisonous principle of prussic acid. Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry will have its use in the family as a household remedy, after once testing its wonderful curative powers in the relief of coughs, colds, and all pulmonary complaints. Its agreeable taste renders it pleasant to take, even by children, while its power to relieve the most distressing symptoms which invariably accompany consumption, and to cure the most confirmed cases of that dreadful disease, is unparalleled.

Inquire for Dr. Wistar's Pulmonic Balsam of Wild Cherry. Dealers may be supplied at all times, and in any quantities, at the wholesale agents for this medicine, to whom all orders must be addressed.

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston.

For Sale by all druggists.

For Sale or Rent.

THE PLANTATION of Levi Eastburn, deceased, five miles from Somerville, Tennessee, containing upwards of

Six Hundred Acres of Cleared Land,

which will compare favorably with any land in this section of the State. The improvements are new and in good repair, one of which is situated immediately on the homeward and Memphis road, and is admirably adapted for a tavern stand. The residence, which has eight large rooms besides the passages, is also new, and is situated in the midst of a fine grove, affording comfort or convenience. Also, two large stores. The entire establishment is well supplied with water. Possession given at the buildings rented for a cotton field.

Persons wishing to purchase or rent, can obtain any or both of the above named places on very reasonable terms by applying to

O. H. LANGFORD,
Executor, Somerville, Tenn.
Or A. C. JOSLIN,
Executor Lagrange, Tenn.

HARDWARE & MACHINERY

PERKINS, LIVINGSTON & POST.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of

MACHINERY SUPPLIES

And a General Assortment of

Heavy and Shelf Hardware,

Machinists' Tools,

Belting, Packing, Horse Powers, etc.

SOLE AGENTS

Straub's Corn Mills,

E. Carver & Co.'s Cotton Gins,

Ingersol's Portable Cotton Presses,

Lane & Bodley's Saw Mills,

Wood & Mann's Portable Engines.

250 MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

AGENTS FOR PRATT'S COTTON GINS

WORMELEY, JOY & CO.

HAVE now on hand, and will continue to keep, a large supply of the celebrated

PRATT COTTON GINS,

numbering from Forty-five to Eighty Saws, which they will sell on the most liberal terms

CABBINS & GUNN,

Iron Founders and Machinists,

UNION IRON WORKS,

ADAMS STREET, NEAR BAYOU.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS, and all kinds of Machinery constantly on hand and promptly Repaired on reasonable terms.

JULIUS BARBAROUX,

HYDRAULIC

FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP

Corner Floyd and Washington Sts.,

LOUISVILLE KY.

MANUFACTURER of Steamboat, Stationary and Portable Machinery, Circular and Gang Saw Mills, Shingle Machines, Sugar Mills, Hydraulic Presses, Craig's Patent Cotton and Hay Press, Tobacco screws and Presses, Iron Hanging Fairies, Cast and Wrought Iron Verandahs, Balconies and Railings, Cast and Wrought Iron Fences, and all kinds of Castings. A full and complete assortment on the best Wrought Iron Pipe always on hand and sold at low rates.

Agent for the sale of R. CARVER'S COTTON GINS, WHITNEY'S IMPROVED WAVER WHEEL; also, Sole Manufacturer for Kentucky, Missouri and the Southern States, of

I. King's Patent Wrought Iron Bridges.

This Bridge is in general use in the States of Ohio, Indiana and New York, and is fast superseding all others where it is introduced. It can be furnished as cheap as the above the same price as a first class wooden bridge is for a longer, handsomer and almost indestructible.

Descriptive Circulars, drawings and prices sent upon application.

☞ Branch Shops at Helena, Ark.

King's Patent Wrought Iron Tubular Arch Bridges

HAVE been in use throughout the Northern States for the last five years, and are superseding all other kinds for Turnpike, Railroad and Bridge Roads and Railroads.

Hundreds have been built and put up, and, without a single exception, have proved entirely satisfactory, and are the result of a good bridge.

Being constructed wholly of Wrought Iron, upon a plan combining in the greatest degree Economy, Durability and Strength, they can be furnished at less rates than is generally charged.

The undersigned having acquired the Sole Right in many States and put up these bridges in the States of Kentucky, Missouri and Southern States, is prepared to furnish them promptly.

Reliable and responsible Agents wanted. Circulars, Photographs and Prices sent on application to

JULIUS BARBAROUX,
Hydraulic Foundry and Machine Shop,
Corner Floyd and Washington sts.,
Louisville Ky.

ARROW COTTON TIES.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis

GULLETT'S STEEL BRUSH COTTON GINS—Price $ 00 per saw, invariably cash.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

MARVIN & CO.'S GREATLY CELEBRATED FIRE & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES, for Business Houses and Bankers; also, FARLOW'S FLAT BAR SAFE, for mechanics' horse prices.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Sole Agents in Memphis.

1800 BOXES FRENCH WINDOW GLASS—in parcel direct and for sale by

ORGILL BROS. & CO.

**Magnolia,
Crown Anchor,
Emerald Isle,
Three Star,
Robison County,
Domestic Bourbon,
Sportsman's Favorite.**

We also call the attention of dealers to our well assorted stock of Brandies, Wines and Bourbon Whiskies, which have been selected with great care, for the trade.

We are the sole Manufacturers of the celebrated

IMPERIAL BITTERS,

Which we are prepared to furnish to the Trade in any quantity.

JO. BANFILL & CO.,
No. 3 Beale Block, Memphis, Tenn.

IF YOU WISH TO PUSH DISEASE FROM THE SYSTEM and leave natural conditions, you must use Hoofland's Food Mineral Water.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

THE great need of Every Man, Woman and Child.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

A PERFECT Combination of Iron with Blood Issues

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

KEEP a little with you all the time FOR EMERGENCIES.

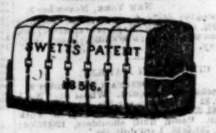
STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

Try it at the fountains,
Try it at your home;
Come back from Manhattan mountains
And leave the drugs alone.
Come to your land of beauty,
Drink the wine of the prepared,
And you will always be duty
With a thousand freshies shared.
Try what? STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

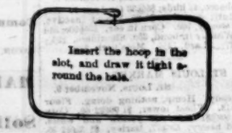
oct17

SELF FASTENING

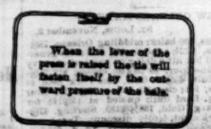
WROUGHT IRON BUCKLE TIE FOR COTTON BALES.



CHARLES G. JOHNSEN, Sole Proprietor,
No. 14 Union Street, New Orleans.



All other Ties forming by the undersigned are infringements and will be prosecuted.



We are now prepared, and are prepared to fill orders for the SELF FASTENING WROUGHT IRON BUCKLE TIE, on the most favorable terms. We are having them manufactured in the most approved manner, and warrant them to

W. H. HOOD & CO.,
Commission Merchants.

Louisville, June 21, 1867.

A. C. JOSLIN, R. J. MENEFEE, J. W. DESELLE

BURNET HOUSE

Northwest Corner of Vine and Third Streets,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

A. C. JOSLIN & CO., Proprietors.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

HORACE STONE,

Wholesale Boots and Shoes, No. 325 Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Having Removed from my old store No. 321 to 325 MAIN STREET, UP STAIRS, thereby reducing my expenses largely, I am enabled to offer unusual inducements in the way of Bargains.

F. BACHLY,

Manufacturer of Gentlemen's

Boots, Shoes & Gaiters,

NO. 341 MAIN STREET,

MEMPHIS, - - - - - TENN

All kinds of Repairing Neatly Executed on Short Notice

FASHIONABLE

Boot and Shoemakers.

LINKHAUER & BRO. Agents.

THEIR well known firm is now located at 304 Second street, between Beale Court and Madison, opposite their old stand. 1y

BANKS.

P. C. BETHELL, PRESIDENT. J. K. P. PRITCHARD, CASHIER.

TENNESSEE SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

BETHELL BUILDING.

Corner of Court and Main Streets, Memphis, Tennessee.

TRANSACTS a General Banking Business. Receives Deposits. Deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Uncurrent Money. Collections promptly attended to.

Directors:

JOHN C. FANIER, President Bayou Savings Institution.
JAMES ELDER, President Bethell Bank.
W. H. CHENEY, President Merchants' National Bank.
P. C. BETHELL. J. K. P. PRITCHARD.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE

MEMPHIS.

No. 12 Madison Street.

D. A. SHEPHERD, Cashier. P. W. SMITH President.

THE DESOTO BANK OF MEMPHIS.

No. 20 Madison Street.

JAMES ELDER, President. W. H. WOOD, Vice President.

T. R. FARNSWORTH, Cashier.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS.

No. 6 Jefferson Street.

Paid in Capital - - - - - $300,000
Authorized Capital - - - $1,000,000

W. H. CHENEY, President. A. T. LACEY, Vice-President.

J. J. FERRMAN, Cashier.

EMMET SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

No. 6 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.,

IS now open and prepared to do a General Banking Business. Will receive Deposits, buy and sell Sight Drafts, Gold, Silver, Uncurrent Money, etc., etc., and will negotiate all Loans intrusted to it. Will also Purchase and Sell Real Estate, Stocks, Bonds and Securities on Commission.

THOMAS EMMET, Manager.

Ocoee Bank Notes.

IN accordance with an act of the Legislature of Tennessee passed December 12, 1866, and entitled an act "To authorize the distribution of the effects of Banks which have, or may hereafter suspend specie paying their creditors," notice is hereby given to the creditors and holders of the notes issued by the Ocoee Bank and known as the Ocoee Bank, and all others interested, that the undersigned, as the Receiver of said Bank, will be ready to receive and pay out the assets of said Bank, at the office of said Bank, in Athens, Tennessee, between the hours of ten and three o'clock, on the first Monday of December, 1867, and on the first Monday of each month thereafter, for the space of six months next ensuing, for the purpose of enabling creditors, holders of notes, or other claims against said Bank, to present the same for payment, and receive their dividends of the assets of said Bank.

All persons indebted to said Bank are hereby notified to make payment to the undersigned at the time and place above mentioned, or they will be forced to collect said debts by suit.

Having completed the duties required of me by the act of the Legislature, I shall then consider my connection with said Bank as ended.

S. P. WALKER, Jr.,
Receiver Ocoee Bank.

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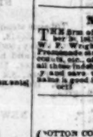
POLAND'S MAGIC BILIOUS POWDERS



THIS PREPARATION is the discovery of the late Rev. W. POLAND, formerly Pastor of the Baptist Church in Godlowan, Ky. Being well acquainted with the medicinal properties of the denomination throughout New England he was obliged to leave his country seat and medicine to save his own life, and his

MAGIC POWDERS

are now offered to the world as a most wonderful discoveries of modern times. It is

THE GREAT LIVER & BILIOUS REMEDY!

When completely thrown in the shade all other discoveries in medicine, and it affords him much gratification that they receive the unanimous approbation of all who have tested them. THE MAGIC BILIOUS POWDERS are a

Positive Cure for Liver Complaint!

In its most aggravated form, and an immediate corrector of all

BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS!

Excellent for

HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION.

PIMPLES, SALLOW SKIN, DIZZINESS, PALPITATION, BLOTCHES, DROWSINESS, HEARTBURN,

And a most wonderful

Cure & Preventive of Fever & Ague!

(We advise all who are troubled with this fearful malady to always keep the Powders on hand ready for immediate use.)

Here are a few important particulars:

1st—They are the Great Specific for all Bilious Affections.

2d—They are the only known remedy that will cure Liver Complaint.

3d—They are the only known remedy that will cure Constipation.

4th—The Powders are so thorough in their operation that one package will be all that the majority of those using them will require to effect a cure.

5th—They are a mild and pleasant yet the most effectual cathartic known.

6th—They are the cheapest and best medicine extant, as they can be sent by mail to any part of the globe for the price, 50 cents.

Circulars containing certificates, information, etc., sent to any part of the world free of charge.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, or by mail on application to

C. G. CLARK & CO.,
General Agents,
No. 3 Gravier street, New Orleans.

NIPGEN & BLAKELY,
Agents for Memphis.

BARNES, WARD & CO., General Agents for the South.
ma10-1y

COTTON GIN AND PICKERY,

At Foot of Market Street,

OPPOSITE UNDERWRITERS' WAREHOUSE.

CONNELL & EAKIN.

ARE now prepared to receive Seed Cotton for Ginning, and guarantee to turn out good work.

Ginned Cotton picked and repacked. Highest Cash Price paid for Locust Posts.

We solicit a share of public patronage, promising to do o best to give satisfaction.

N. S. GREEN. DAN ABLE

N. S. GREEN & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Bourbon, Rye and Rectified Whisky

ALCOHOL, PROOF SPIRITS,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

(For Sale to the Trade Only.)

No. 232 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Agents for HATCH, MAURICE & CO., St. Louis Mo.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE firm of WRIGHT & WILCOX was Confirmed September 1, 1867, by mutual consent, A. R. Wilcox withdrawing. W. F. Wright will continue business at the old stand, No. 2 Promenade street, Gayoso House, where the books, papers